

The Hartford Republican.

Fine Job Work.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY.

Subscription \$1 per Year

VOL. XXII.

HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, JUNE 17, 1910.

No. 48

STANLEY FOR COLD STORAGE.

Ky., Congressman Would Build One at Capitol.

Has Backing of Government Chemist Who Says Would Cut Down Bills.

Washington, D. C., June 11.—Hon. A. O. Stanley, a member of Congress from Kentucky, has presented a unique bill in Congress. It is to provide a government cold storage plant in Washington. He insists that such a plant will more than pay for itself in saving the government thousands of dollars yearly. Dr. Wiley, the distinguished government chemist and advocate of the pure food laws, expresses his approval of the Stanley bill. He says a government ice house will result in better provisions for the army and navy and cut off the enormous profits of the meat trusts. A cold storage plant built by the government according to the statement of this bill, will cost a million and a half and it is provided that the Secretary of the Treasury shall buy a site and proceed at once to build a model storage house for meats, butter, vegetables and such other foods as are issued to the army and naval forces of the United States. The bill has another purpose in that it will give the government a chance to study and learn the cost of keeping perishable foods in a healthful condition without taking the evidence of interested and prejudiced men in the employ of the trusts. Moreover, it will save thousands yearly by supplying food to the army and navy and to the Soldiers' Home situated in Washington and to other soldiers' homes in different parts of the country. In his argument in favor of the bill, Representative Stanley says that the most odious and oppressive of all trusts is the food trust, and he points out that although the cold storage men protest that charges of exorbitant prices with which they are indicted have been disproved, it is universally believed that cold storage in the hands of the trusts is one of the main causes of high price of foods.

Representative Stanley and Dr. Wiley have been in correspondence. In a recent letter to Dr. Wiley, Mr. Stanley asked his opinion with reference to the feasibility and advantages of the cold storage plant. In this letter he said: "It is certain that cold storage men are in the habit of keeping meat and other foods long after they cease to be wholesome. The government experiences great difficulty in obtaining accurate information and must necessarily depend upon expert statements of interested parties." In replying to this letter, Dr. Wiley said: "In regard to the subject of a cold storage plant in Washington, in so far as facilitating our investigations on the storage of food is concerned, I am free to say it would be of the greatest advantage. A government warehouse which could be advantageous." Dr. Wiley declared that cattle are sold from his farm near Washington and bought by the consumers at less than half the price charged in Washington or any other city where it is necessary to buy cold storage meat. Mr. Stanley argues that if Dr. Wiley is correct in his statements the government will quickly be repaid for the money invested in a cold storage plant, and moreover that the military and naval forces of the country will be supplied with a better quality of eatables. Mr. Stanley says that the plant could be operated by the government at a minimum cost and that inasmuch as the government has refused to buy tobacco from the tobacco trust or powder from the powder trust, there is no reason why it may not make every effort to obtain its supply of meat independent of the meat trust, which has been time and time again indicted and convicted. He says that it is not intended to have the government go into the meat business, but that inasmuch as the government is the largest purchaser of meats and other like products, it is its duty to the tax payer to secure provisions in the most economical way.

During the last year more than a

million of dollars was expended for meats for soldiers' homes alone. The army expended over two millions of dollars for fresh meats, to say nothing of bacon and lard. The navy bill for butter was \$400,000 at the rate of 33c per pound. The fresh meat for the navy cost fifteen millions. Besides we purchased thousands of pounds of poultry. Swift, Armour, Cudahy and other like concerns furnished this food at exorbitant cost to the government and at immense profit to themselves.

Milton Oliver Returns Home Garded by Troops.

Eddyville, Ky., June 13.—Milton Oliver, wife, son and daughter, passed through here this afternoon on their way from Hopkinsville, where Oliver had been summoned as a witness in the alleged night rider indictments against Dr. Amos and others, the cases being continued to September. Major Bassett and a detachment of seven men from the Hopkinsville militia came here with the Oliver family and guarded Oliver to his home, near La Masco, this county. It is said that the state soldiers will remain with Mr. Oliver indefinitely to protect him from further violence. He is able to hobble around on crutches although he is still weak from the wound received some time ago. The detachment is mounted.

ONLY REPUBLICANS HAVE A VOTE.

Caleb Powers Wins Every Contention Before Republican Committee.

Without opposition, even on the part of the chairman of the committee of the district, Caleb Powers and his followers got from the Republican State Central Committee, at a meeting held Saturday, every concession demanded. Although Mr. Powers was present at the meeting, he made his appeal through Judge Denton of Somerset, and Mr. Morrow, A. T. Siler, chairman of the Eleventh District Congressional Committee, conducted his own defense.

Judge Denton charged that the eleventh District Committee, of which Mr. Siler is the chairman was preparing to allow Democrats to vote in the primary on September 15, which is to decide whether Congressman Don C. Edwards or Mr. Powers is to be the Republican nominee for Congress from the district. Judge Denton further charged that the committee had decided not to announce the expense of the primary until August 27, which would be too late a day for an appeal to the State Central Committee.

What gave the Powers' faction the most concern was the rumor that "all free-born American" citizens would be allowed to vote in the primary. Such a move it was held, would be hostile to Powers' chances of nomination. Judge Denton further alleged that no time of voting or polling places had been announced by the Eleventh District Committee, which committee, he declared, was made up principally of Edwards' partisans.

In defense Chairman Siler read the call for the primary, which stated the hours and polling places quite distinctly. This point being settled satisfactorily to both sides, the State Central Committee then went into executive session. When they came out it was announced that the qualifications of voters had been fixed at known Republicans and that the subcommittee of the Eleventh district was to report the cost of the primary on July 16, instead of August 27. The contest is to be held under the Carroll law.

The only significant thing about the meeting Saturday was that Congressman Edwards was without representation unless Mr. Siler was looking out for his interests.

Methodist Church.

Epworth League will meet with Mrs. J. S. Glenn Saturday at eight o'clock p. m. Let all members attend this meeting as it is desired that the league shall decide what it will do for the summer.

Preaching by the pastor both morning and evening next Sunday.

THE BALLOTS MUTILATED

Fraud in Hancock County Local Option Election.

However New Ballots Are Printed In Time to Give People Chance to Vote.

On last Saturday night, some person broke into the office of County Clerk N. N. Lamar at Hawesville, and mutilated four of the ballot books by stamping all the ballots in each book, except the first ballot, wet—that is, took a stencil and stamped the ballots as they would be stamped by the voter, except that all of them were voted against local option.

The four books mutilated were for the Lewisport, Yellow Creek, Pellville and Patterson precincts.

It was evidently the intention of the person who did the work to prevent discovery till too late by leaving the first ballot in the book untouched.

Clerk Lamar discovered on Monday that his office had been entered, but he was unable to discover any molestation of anything in the office. Everything was in its place, and after looking over the office generally, the clerk decided that nothing had been disturbed.

This morning the clerk sent the books out to the precinct election officers. The mutilation of the books was first discovered at Lewisport.

When the ballots were delivered to the officers there, they opened the book to inspect the ballots. They found the first ballot to be correct, but all the others had been stamped wet and against local option.

The Lewisport officers called County Clerk Lamar and told him that no election could be held in that precinct, because all the ballots had been mutilated but one.

Clerk Lamar immediately employed "runners" for each voting district and sent them to inspect the books. They found them all in good condition except the four mentioned.

Clerk Lamar arrived in Owensboro on the noon "Texas" train, and new ballots printed for the four precincts. They will be printed in plenty of time for use at the election, and the clerk says that the local option election will take place on Thursday, June 16, as ordered by the court, notwithstanding the effort made to prevent a vote in the four precincts named.

It is believed that it was the intention of the guilty person to mutilate the ballots in every voting precinct in the county, but that he had time to destroy those in only four precincts, when he was forced to leave the courthouse before daylight to prevent detection.

It is claimed by the dyes that the four precincts will give big dry majorities, and as the person who destroyed the ballots did not have time to destroy them for the entire county he confined his work to those which were expected to give the heaviest dry majorities.

There are nine voting precincts in Hancock county, and the five in which the ballots were not tampered with at Hawesville, Indian Creek, Lyons, Utility and Eastin.

It is not known who committed the deed, but reports from Hancock say that two persons are under suspicion and it is probable that there will be an early arrest or two.—Owensboro Inquirer.

Court Notes.

A recent special session in the Ohio County Court held June 4th, the case of the Commonwealth against George M. Maddox, charged with breach of the peace growing out of an assault upon his sister-in-law Mrs. William Maddox was tried and resulted in the jury returning a verdict fixing his punishment at a fine of \$100. Maddox was not present either in person or by attorney and he is now moving the court to grant him a new trial alleging that he in some way understood that no trial would be had on that day. As to what disposition the court will make of the motion we are not able to say.

A two days session of court was

held at Rockport, Wednesday and Thursday of last week, during which time quite a number of prosecutions were disposed of. The result of the two days session was that Mrs. Mattie Boswell was tried before a jury and fined for selling spirituous, vinous and malt liquors. In an examining trial she was held to await the action of the grand jury under a \$500 bond on the charge of keeping an ill governed house. The clerk of her drinking stand A. G. Wright was fined for the offense of breach of the peace. Miss Lillian Drake was fined \$50 on charge of fornication. The evidence on which these prosecutions were based was procured by a special detective, Mr. F. M. Greer, of Louisville, who is with the Harding Detective Agency. His work was splendidly accomplished and resulted in conviction of every prosecution instituted except one against Mrs. Boswell charged with selling spirituous, vinous and malt liquors. Five prosecutions were begun and four convictions had. The cases were sharply contested from the very beginning. Mrs. Boswell and her people being represented by the firm of Barnes & Anderson, Commonwealth by attorney C. E. Smith and Mr. E. M. Woodward. The officials of the town mean to take no chances as to ultimate conviction in these cases and in addition to the employment of able counsel they employed a stenographer, Miss Evaland Caldwell to take the evidence.

At the recent regular term of Ohio County Court, the will of the late Captain Sandusky was probated and ordered to record. He disposes of his property in a rather remarkable way. To Grace Blair of Johnson City, Ill., he wills a house and lot in Cairo Ill. To Mrs. M. B. Doubet, of Horse Branch, he wills the Sandusky Hotel, at Horse Branch, including furniture and fixtures, stating that this bequest was for service rendered. To Sam Waggle, Rachel and Geneva Waggle, of Pennsylvania he bequeaths \$1,000 to Annie Belle Blair, of the same place he bequeaths \$800, to Dr. M. B. Creel, Central City, \$500. Sam Waggle a gold watch, Sam Sandusky a gold watch. He stated in his will that because he had previously conveyed a house and lot in Central City and Dawson Springs to his wife that he bequeathed her nothing.

The will of the late J. Reece Curtis was likewise probated and ordered to record.

A Pleasant Evening.

Mr. Fred Shultz and sister, Miss Eunice entertained a number of their friends Wednesday evening, June 8th, 1910, at their delightful home near Narrows. The evening passed pleasantly with vocal and instrumental music and all present report a most enjoyable time. Those present were: Misses Bessie K. Acton, Olaton, Ky., Hattie Lawlace, Lula Loyal, Mamie Powers, Isabelle Thomas, Eula Woosley, Monnie White, Ello Renfrow, Eunice and Grace Shultz. Messrs Thurman Woosley, Arthur Bennett, Carl Bennett, Rollie Foreman, Everett Kirby, Bryan Powers, Oscar and Fred Shultz all of Narrows.

One Present.

WESTERFIELD.

June 14.—Farmers are getting along nicely with their work in this section.

It is thought that the road grade will be through here in a few weeks. We will all be glad to see it for the roads certainly need work.

Mr. Clyde Mitchell who has been attending school at Bowling Green for the past few months has returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Vess Taylor and Miss Cora Jackson, who have been visiting friends and relatives at this place for sometime returned to their home in Henderson, yesterday.

Prof. A. P. Taylor, Owensboro, is visiting relatives here.

Messrs. Lornie Taylor and Owen Wells and Misses Ora Chaman and Cora Gill of this place attended Sunday school at Adamsburg last Sunday.

Mr. Odie Hawkins, Owensboro, was here on business this morning.

Mr. Sidney Bozarth called on Mrs. Elizabeth Jewel Sunday.

Mr. Silas Hohelmer, Hartford was here this morning.

Mr. Claude Hohelmer left this morning for Hartford, to work.

Mr. Virgil McEwen and wife, Sturgis, Ky., are visiting relatives in this community.

NEW BUILDING FOR MASONS.

Corner Stone Laid at Shelbyville With Ceremony.

Grand Master Cowles of Louisville Conducted by DeMolay Commandery.

Shelbyville, Ky., June 14.—With the full ritual of the Masonic order, the corner stone of the new building for the Old Masons Home was laid today and the structure consecrated with the Masonic emblems—the corn of plenty, the wine of joy and gladness and the oil of peace.

The impressive ceremonies were conducted by Grand Master John H. Cowles, of Louisville with the other Grand Lodge officers in attendance to perform the necessary duties devolving upon them.

Masons were present from all sections of Kentucky, but the Louisville delegation, which included fifty members of the DeMolay Commandery in full regalia, headed by the First Regiment Band, eclipsed all others both in numbers and pageantry. They were welcomed on the arrival of the C. and O. train by Shelby Commandery No. 32, in full dress uniform. Automobiles were provided for the dignitaries, and the parade formed with the Louisville Sir Knights in the place of honor as the personal escort of the Grand Master, formerly opened the exercises and introduced the aged Chaplain, the Rev. B. F. Hungerford, who invoked the divine blessing on the occasion.

The address of welcome on behalf of Solomon Lodge, No. 5, was delivered by Hon. John K. Todd, and the response by Judge E. B. Beard, of the Board of Directors, under whose supervision the building will be completed.

The Grand Treasurer, Capt. John H. Leathers, of Louisville, deposited in the receptacle prepared for them the tokens to be preserved.

The exercises closed with the solemn ritual of the order and a brief, but impressive address by the Grand Master.

Captain Brinton B. Davis, of Louisville was present and took part in the exercises.

The Home for Old Masons was established in 1901 on a farm of 166 acres, one mile west of Shelbyville, on the State pike.

An Explanation.

In view of the fact that the minutes of the Hartford district Union A. S. of E. held at Beda on the last Thursday in March were never published as requested an explanation is probably due from me. In accordance with the request I mailed the minutes as made by E. C. Baird Secretary pro tem to the Hartford Republican a few days after the meeting with request that they be published in the next issue after their receipt.

O. R. TINSLEY, Sec.

The foregoing minutes were never received at this office and as to why we do not know. We regret their loss very much as we have always gladly published any and all things of interest to the Equity people or advance the cause of Equity.

THE HARTFORD REPUBLICAN.

Notice.

The A. S. of E. Stock Committee will make a shipment of stock Monday, June 27th. Those having stock to ship will please notify the committee.

SILAS STEVENS,
JOHN M. SHULTZ,
L. B. TICHENOR,
Committee.

GILSTRAP.

June 14.—Farmers are behind with their work in this community on account of so much rain.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Stewart took dinner with Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Smith Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Allen took dinner with Mr. and Mrs. Shelby James last Sunday.

Miss Dona Morris, Mrs. Ollie James and little son, Emmett, are visiting

their uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Le Taylor, Beaver Dam.

Mr. and Mrs. George Bradley and little daughter, Flora, have just returned from a visit to her brother, Mr. Will Bradley, Threlkel.

Mrs. Cora Warren visited Mrs. Ada James Wednesday evening.

Miss Maggie Smith visited Mrs. Lotie Allen Saturday.

Mr. Earl Smith, Select, was a pleasant caller of Miss Dona Morris Sunday.

Mr. Alex Warren and daughter, Catherine, Mr. and Mrs. Cal Brizentine and little daughter, Edith, took dinner with Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Liles Sunday.

Miss Nellie Igleheart, Bowling Green is visiting her cousin, Miss Buna James.

Powers Claims Eleventh District by 15,000.

Somerset, Ky., June 14.—Caleb Powers, who is making a warm campaign against Congressman D. C. Edwards in the Eleventh district arrived in Somerset this morning, and after a hasty conference with local henchmen, he started on horseback for a campaign through Russell, Wayne, Adair, Monroe and Cumberland counties.

Powers is delighted with the action of the State Central Committee at Louisville Saturday, and claimed he would carry the district by 15,000. On this trip he will make over fifty speeches, and will ride horseback alone from place to place, as this is his favorite manner of traveling through the mountains.

FOR THE BUSY READER.

John W. Barr, of the class of 1885, of Louisville, was elected an alumnus trustee of Princeton by a decided majority over Adrian C. Joline, 1870, of New York.

Will Hunter, a negro was taken from the officers by a mob at Star City, Ark., and lynched. The negro had been arrested for entering the room of a white woman.

The Tennessee State Board of Health submitted its report for May showing twenty-four cases of pellagra in the State, deaths from the disease 5 and suspected cases 4.

Former Congressman South Trimble, of the Seventh district, has been chosen assistant secretary of the Democratic congressional committee with headquarters in Washington.

Whether the Pullman Company and the railroads owning and operating their own sleeping cars will wage a further fight against the reduction of berth rates, will be determined at a conference, which will be held to-day in St. Paul.

The Standard Oil, Gas and Asphalt Company, of Delaware, was incorporated by the Secretary of State of Alabama to work gas wells recently discovered in Fayette county in that State. The capital is \$1,000,000, with \$975,000 paid in.

The government is engaged in collecting evidence intended, it is said, to form the basis of a suit against the Great Lakes Towing Company, under the Sherman anti-trust law on the ground that it is a combination in restraint of trade.

It is understood in Washington that the nomination of J. M. Sharp for District Attorney of Eastern Kentucky will not be acted upon at this session of Congress and that during the recess the President will again reconsider the case.

A house bill requiring land grant railroads to have their lands surveyed was passed by the Senate after being materially amended. The bill was presented by Senator Hughes, who stated its purpose to be that of making it possible to collect taxes on the lands.

President Taft will spend ten days or more in the Middle West in October. He will be in Cincinnati October 1. While no announcement has been made that he is to take an active part in the campaigns, it is believed he will discuss politics in his speeches.

MOSQUITOES EVERYWHERE

Most Abundant in Southern Climate.

Though Alaskan Type is Most Varocious May be Exterminated in Many Ways.

Mosquitoes are widely distributed and abound in the most varied environments. As a whole they are found in greater abundance in tropical regions, and yet travelers in the far north tell us of their great numbers in these colder climates. It is said that the abundance and voracity of the Alaskan mosquitoes is beyond description, and many are to be seen in Lapland and Greenland.

So far as is known the larvae of all mosquitoes develop in water, but every "wiggly tail" must come to the surface to breathe. As a matter of fact they usually remain at the surface with their breathing processes extending into the air, but they submerge themselves on the slightest disturbance. Several generations are produced in a single season.

They pass the winter in the adult state. They may be found in barns, cellars, underneath of bridges, etc., where they are in hibernation. As the purpose of the adult is propagation of the species, they may live a long time awaiting suitable climatic conditions. In countries where the seasons are divided into a wet and dry, it is in the wet season that the mosquito is active, even though it may be in the mild winter.

It is the female mosquito which enjoys the feast of human blood. In fact it is not definitely known whether the male ever takes food after reaching the adult state. It is certain from the anatomy of their feeding organs (if they are such) that they are not able to puncture for blood as the females are accustomed to do.

Of the five genera of mosquitoes found in the United States the most dangerous is the genus *Anopheles*, the carrier of the germ of yellow fever. The way in which this germ is developed is very remarkable. The malarial protozoan develops (to a certain extent) in the red corpuscles of human blood. Taken thence into the stomach of a mosquito, it begins a sexual generation not known in its previous state. These protozoans thus give birth to elementary forms, known as gametes, which find their way eventually into the salivary glands of the mosquito. Thence they are retransferred to the human body, when they appear as the dreaded yellow fever germ.

There are three principal ways in which mosquitoes may be combated, and many localities can be practically rid of them altogether by the adoption of any one or all of these measures. Ponds and swamps where they breed may be drained. Kerosene oil may be spread over ponds which can not be drained. Fish may be put into fishless ponds; they will destroy large numbers of the larvae. Of course in any mosquito-extirminating campaign it is important to get rid of all stagnant water. A small tin can half full of water and hidden under a clump of grass may be the breeding place of hundreds. Even the rain water which collects in an old stump hole furnishes a sufficient breeding place. Therefore every such possible source must be searched out when one is engaged in mosquito extermination.

To cure LaGrippe and Colds in 24 hours take
QUICK'S Cold and LaGrippe Medicine (TABLETS)
If your druggist does not keep them send 25c to
J. C. Mendenhall Medicine Co., Evansville, Ind.
and get them post paid. Guaranteed

How Freight Goes.

The longest coal train ever drawn was pulled over the Virginia railway recently by a single locomotive. There were 120 steel cars of 50 tons each, and a caboose. From the nose of the caboose to the end of the train the distance was six feet more than one mile.

This is big for railroad carrying but 6,000 tons of coal is a small load for some of our boats. The steamer E. Y. Townsend carried at one time last year 13,344 tons.

It is easier to move heavy freight by water than in any other manner. For this reason Europe has built a great network of canals, some of them quite small, and goods go by "slow vitesse" very cheaply.

The Secretary of War reports that the canal at Saint Ste. Marie, connecting Lake Superior with Lake Huron carried 57,895,149 tons of freight in 1909. This was 40 per cent. more than they carried the year before.

Probably all the freight carried on the Great Lakes in 1909 amounted to 199,000,000 tons. It was worth \$625,194,122 and the freight charges were \$36,291,948. The cost per ton per mile of moving this freight was a fraction less than eight-tenths of a mill. As the railroads receive on an average about eight mills per ton per mile for hauling freight, it is apparent that the cost of transportation by lake vessels is only one-tenth as much as it is by rail.

There was a time when the railroads opposed all competition by water carriers, but that time has passed. Some of the most ardent advocates to-day of the development of our inland water ways are the heads of the biggest railroad systems. "Let the boats carry the raw material, which pays the lowest rates, and let the railroads haul the finished products, at the higher rates," said James J. Hill, thus explaining in a sentence why the railway have modified their opposition to the inland water ways.

Some Advice About Milking Stools.

We know that a milking stool is used to sit on, and too frequently to put the cows without no every one knows that the kind of stool used plays an important part in the number of cows a person can milk without fatigue. The stool should be made to suit the person using it, and be rather high, so high that when using it the milker's arm from the shoulder to elbow hangs nearly straight down. The weight of the arm then comes naturally on the shoulder, and it is not necessary to raise the whole arm at each stroke when grasping the teats. Moreover, it is much easier on the cow than when a low stool is used for in the latter case the milker, after grasping the teat, rests the whole weight of his arm on the teat, and this, with the jerking, is not conducive to comfort for the cow. A stool of the proper height will enable most milkers to handle fully one-third more cows without fatigue than if it is too low.—Farm Journal.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Monteagle and Sewanee, Tenn.

Monteagle Bible School July 15-25, 1910. Monteagle Sunday School Institute, July 28, August 15, 1910. Dates of sale June 20, July 1-15-16-22-23-29-30 and August 12, 1910, final return September 5th, 1910. Fare for round trip, \$7.00.

J. E. WILLIAMS, Agt.,
Beaver Dam, Ky.

High Prices of Horses.

The country as a whole has been reluctant to accept the high level of prices for horses as founded on a thoroughly sure foundation. The backwardness of farmers in some sections about planning to breed their mares, the pressure of the State stallion laws on owners of stallions, and the snowbound winter that checked the early distribution of stallions because of irregular train services have all operated to delay and prolong the trade this spring. A very large volume of early winter business was done and early spring sales were of gratifying proportions but the large demand for choice stallions has persisted later than usual. Some good stallions and mares that were reserved by first owners all winter for showing next fall have lately been sold for breeding purposes because belated buyers, finally convinced that no surplus of horses seems approaching in this country or any other, have offered such long prices that sales could not be refused. The recent high prices reached by heavy work horses of good quality at all markets as a culmination of a steady persistent inquiry for this class all spring shows how fully good horses are appreciated. The country is bare of high-class horses and these can not be bred from scrub stock. The recent sale of six Percheron mares for \$5,000, indicates how foundation stock of the right kind is valued by those who preserve the possibility of American breeders. From the same stud recently horses have been sold to Wyoming and Virginia, to Minnesota and Kansas and various States between.—Ex.

Saved From Awful Death.

How an appalling calamity in his family was prevented is told by A. D. McDonald, of Fayetteville, N. C. R. F. D. No. 8. "My sister had consumption," he writes, "she was very thin and pale, had no appetite and seemed to grow weaker every day, as all remedies failed, till Dr. King's New Discovery was tried, and so completely cured her, that she has not been troubled with a cough since. Its the best medicine I ever saw or heard of." For coughs, colds, lagrippe, asthma, croup, hemorrhage, all bronchial troubles, it has no equal, 50c, \$1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by all druggists.

DR. NUTTALL A FREE MAN.

Turned Out of Asylum and at Home in Country.

Was Accused of Detaining a Female Inmate of Feeble Minded Institute.

Frankfort, Ky., June 11.—Only the disgrace which attaches to the accusation of crime will be the punishment imposed on Dr. W. L. Nuttall, formerly superintendent of the Institute for the Feeble-minded at Frankfort. He will never face a jury to answer to the charge of criminal intimacy with a woman inmate of the institution for the reason that the indictment against him in the Franklin Circuit Court has been filed away and in effect dismissed. It is understood here that Dr. Nuttall has been released from the insane asylum and that he is back in his home in Henry county, where he is safe from arrest on the charge for which he was indicted.

News that Dr. Nuttall was in Henry county, having been sent from the asylum, was a surprise to Frankfort people, but it was no greater surprise than the announcement that the indictment against him had been dismissed. The fact that the indictment had been filed away was not known in Frankfort, except to a few persons, until today. The order book of the Franklin Circuit Court shows that the indictment against Dr. Nuttall had been filed away upon a statement of Robert B. Franklin, Commonwealth's Attorney that Dr. Nuttall had been tried on a lunacy warrant and been sent to the asylum for the insane. Mr. Franklin also stated to the court that he had talked with members of the Board of Control of Charitable Institutions regarding Dr. Nuttall and that they were satisfied to have the indictment filed away, believing that Dr. Nuttall was insane at that time and that he was insane at the time he committed the crime. Mr. Franklin also stated to the court that the circumstances of the case indicated that the man was of unsound mind and that a conviction could not be secured so the indictment was filed away.

Dr. Nuttall left Frankfort on a picnic given for the inmates of the institute and no warrant was issued for his arrest, although it was known that he was charged with a serious crime. He was allowed to leave Frankfort without any kind of supervision being kept over him, and he did not return to Frankfort. Several days after the charge against Dr. Nuttall were first made a warrant was issued for his arrest, but Dr. Nuttall, having ample warning, had decamped. Nothing was heard of him for a long time although a reward of \$500 was offered for his arrest. When the case was about to be forgotten a report reached Gov. Willson that Dr. Nuttall had been discovered in British Honduras in an insane condition. An insanity inquest was held and Dr. Nuttall was promptly committed to an insane asylum.

The general public thought Dr. Nuttall still was in the asylum, and the news of his return to Henry county was brought here by one of the attaches of the asylum, who said that Dr. Nuttall had been released and sent back home, presumably as cured.

Fine Land for Sale.

We have 460 acres of fine bottom land from one and a half to two miles of Hartford, part of it with timber. Also about 75 acres of upland belonging to the same tract. Terms easy. Apply at once to Barnett & Smith, Hartford, Ky.

The Time Appointed.

(By JOHN F. PORTER.)

A most startling announcement has been made as to the time in which we live.

There can be no mistakes as to these dates as they are founded on the word of God, proved from astronomy. The world must admit that God works on exact time. This is why Jesus said the time is "fulfilled." Jerusalem shall be trodden down until the time of the Gentiles be fulfilled. They had a set period and Jerusalem was to lie low until the time expired. Israel had a set period of blindness put on them which the Gentiles were treading down Jerusalem. Rome 11:25. It cuts no figure with God's instruments, why does the Bible have so much to say about "time," times and half times, seven times—Gentiles times, 70 weeks, 1,260 days, etc. Prof. Dimbley, the premier of the British Astronomical and chronological society of London, England, as came before the world

with the exact rules of astronomy. It is claimed to be the only correct system of time in existence. Prof. Dimbley's dates and figures are powerful convincing. Prof. Dimbley gives the transits and eclipses from creation down, showing the total number of years of the world, every day since creation in weeks of days. Prophetic truths long sealed are now made clear.

Daniel's seventy weeks and 1,260 years are eclipse periods. Time is the amount of measured duration, whilst some heavenly bodies proceed from one place to another. Time like arithmetic is a fundamental science. Nothing can be added to it or anything taken away. To alter time we must alter the laws of the universe. Men seem to think they can begin years when they please. The great fact is unless we start with the point of time given in Gen. 1, no table of eclipses can be made. Is such useful knowledge as this to be hidden? Let it be remembered the Bible is a precise book. All its years and periods are planetary motion. There are thirteen different systems of time made by men, but Bible time is all made by the sun and motion. It is pure astronomy, the magnificent clock-like movements of the Heavens. Let us rejoice that we have such a splendid Bible. Every 360 solar years is like the dial of a clock, beginning and ending at the same point. The Gentile time began with Nebuchadnezzar. He was the head of Gol. This was 3,776 1-2 the 5th year of solar cycle, which is a table made and proven by the sun. The year 4,635 1-2 ended the four great empires of which Daniel speaks and falls in the same year of the solar cycle.

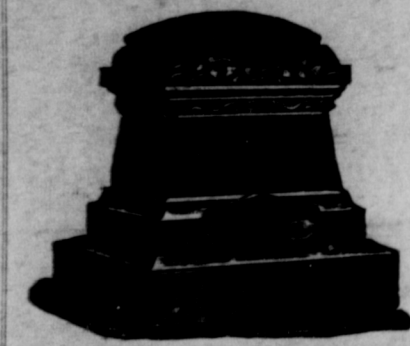
Babylonian empire ruled 50
Medo perian ruled 200
Greekian ruled 204
Rome ruled 666

Total 1260

The eclipse of 5596 1-2 and our 1898 are the same. The two years therefore are identical. Do you know that in astronomy a day is a year also, because the sun goes round the circle of the zodiac in 24 hours and sweeps through the same twelve signs of the zodiac in a year. One motion being caused by the rotation of the earth, and the other by the revolution of the world around the sun. Another writer describes the planetary motion of the Heavenly clock as follows: Every 360 years is a solar cycle, measured off by planets. The hands of the clock come around to a certain point, then the same as the minute hand of a clock which meet together at twelve. Every time they meet at twelve we call it a cycle. The bible calls it a time that is the planets go round the circle some fast some slower. Every time the earth makes a revolution around the sun we call it a year, and 360 years is a set period beginning and ending at the same point like two hands of a clock. When the bible talks about a "time," it is talking about astronomy. It means the planets have run a race round a circle and come to a point. It is one race or one time. They start out again and go round, that makes two times and so on. This great clock has been running ever since God started it, wound it up and gave the pendulum a swing. Now we find by looking into the Heavens that the race of the planets are 360 years. Therefore we know when the bible talks about a time it means 360 years and when it says two times it means 720 years, and when it says seven times it means 2520 years. The bible is very exact as to time. To change biblical time or history is to challenge and mock at the movements of all the planetary bodies and the eternal laws under which we live. No man can marshal the heavens without also placing his hand on the bible. If men want to overturn the prophecies they must also drive the orbs of heavens from their course and quench the light of the sun. There is no book equal to Genesis. And as the beginning of time it is a claim which no man can serve without driving the spheres of heaven out of their course. Gen. 1:14 God said let there be light in the heavens for signs and for seasons and for days and years. Our arithmetic gives this table thirty degrees one sign, twelve degrees one cycle. This is all astronomy. There are twelve signs in the heavens and they are called the zodiac. Thirty degrees to each sign and twelve signs would be 360.

We have seen that the four great empires fulfilled the allotted time of 1260 years. When their time expired they came to an end and another new thing started up, viz: The Turkish empire. This was set A. D. 638 and was to fulfill the 1260 years and then time would expire. So we see the four empires possessed Jerusalem 1260 years. Then the Mosque of Omar was set on the site of Solomon's temple and is the abomination of desolation referred to in New Testament. This when run 1260 years would ful-

Marble and Granite Monuments.



THE THOMAS MONUMENTAL WORKS, - Hartford, Ky.

WHAT IS WRONG

With our

Public Schools

By JOSEPH M. ROGERS.

A series of articles creating widespread comment from the press and educators of America. Now running in

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE

GET IT READ IT

Special Rates Given to Teachers

ADDRESS

Lippincott's Magazine, Philadelphia.

filled the allotted 2520 years predicted in Lev. 26:24 or in other words was the seven times punishment. This time will expire 1915. We can then look for a new order of things.

Yours for truth.

Good News if True.

A firm in England has opened up large laboratories for the purpose of raising millions of billions of bacteria for use in the dairies of the world.

The manager of the new company says that "the discovery of the preservative microbe is the result of years of scientific research. Its object is to fight other microbes that are found in butter which have a harmful effect upon it—that for turning it rancid. The only way of fighting these germs has hitherto been by the use of preservative chemicals, which are harmful adulterants."

But now the firm has succeeded in finding an antidote germ to the harmful one, and by introducing it into the milk before churning, butter is made which will keep fresh and pure for a long time. The inoculation of the milk has the effect, broadly speaking, of setting up a fight between the opposing armies of good germs and bad ones.

The microbes are sold in the form of a clear liquid, in small bottles, which is added to buttermilk and put into the cream.

When the preparation is ready one gallon of it is added to every twenty gallons of cream in the churn, the rest of the butter making process proceeding in the usual way.

The prices of the cultures used in these processes vary from 75 cents to \$2.50 a bottle. The cultures are equally effective in margarine.

Army Manoeuvres, Nashville, Tennessee.

June 19 and 26, 1910. For above occasion the Illinois Central Railroad Co. will give rate of \$3.85 for round trip. Tickets on sale June 15th to 26th, inclusive, with final return limit June 28th, 1910.

J. E. WILLIAMS, Agt.,
Beaver Dam, Ky.

Transportation Figures.

Nearly 7,000,000,000 people were carried during the last ten years by the railroads of the United States. In the year 1908 1,500,000,000 tons of freight were taken by rail from one part of the country to another. The railroads of the United States have nearly 1,500,000 people on their pay rolls, and are paying them \$1,000,000,000 a year, which is more than twice as much as they paid ten years ago. Their freight cars can carry 71,000,000 tons at once, and they have 57,000 locomotives.

During the last few years the weight of these locomotives has more than doubled, and the number of tons one of these monsters can haul almost exceeds belief.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitu-

Our business is devoted exclusively to the Granite, Marble and Stone trade, and being thoroughly practical in same enables us to know your requirements. We only handle the very best Granite and Marble, and our reputation has gained on just this class of goods. Let us show you in dollars and cents that it is to your interest to buy of us. We gladly refer you to any of the parties we have furnished, as to our honesty and responsibility in dealings.

THE THOMAS MONUMENTAL WORKS, - Hartford, Ky.

tional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address: F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

FAIRBANKS-MORSE Gasoline Engines



Pumps water, grinds feed, shals corn, &c. Works every day at a small cost to operate. All sizes for all purposes. Send for catalogue \$02.

Address,
FAIRBANKS-MORSE & CO.,
Louisville, Ky.

The Louisville Times FOR 1910

BRIGHTER, BETTER, BIGGER THAN EVER

The regular price of THE LOUISVILLE TIMES is \$5 a year. If you will send your order to us, you can get The

HARTFORD REPUBLICAN
AND THE
LOUISVILLE TIMES
BOTH ONE YEAR
For Only \$4.50

The Louisville Times is the Best Afternoon Paper Printed Anywhere.

Has the best crops of correspondents.

Covers the Kentucky field perfectly.

Covers the general news field completely.

Has the best and fullest markets reports.

Democratic in politics, but fair to everybody.

Send Your Subscription Right Away

To this paper—not to The Louisville Times.

GERMAN PARCEL POST SYSTEM

Has Been in Use so Long that No Argument Exists Against It.

Referring to the fact that the exact date upon which the German parcel post was to be transported for so long a time that no arguments for or against this service, such as one hears in the United States, are ever raised. If it should be proposed in Germany to abolish the parcel post—a most unthinkable proposition—loud complaint would no doubt be heard immediately from the people of small towns and the farming population, who ship to the cities their butter, eggs, vegetables and flowers to actual consumers, thus competing directly with the retail provisioning establishments of every city.

"Thousands of Hamburg families probably receive their daily pat of fresh butter from the parcels postman, whose existence renders it possible for the farmer in Mecklenburg to visit the city once a year for finding customers, returning to his home with the knowledge that his trade will be served just as conscientiously as though he were located in the heart of Hamburg.

"The rates charged by the German Government for the shipment of parcels within its own territory and to Austria, which have been effective since 1873, vary according to the length of the haul. In France an unvarying rate is charged, whether the parcel be transported one mile or 600 miles.

"Within the limits of Germany and Austria the rate charged for transporting a parcel not exceeding 5 kilos (11.02 pounds) in weight a distance of seventy-five kilometers (46.6 miles) which constitutes zone I, is 25 pfennigs (\$0.059). Above the distance named the rate for the first five kilos is 50 pfennigs (\$0.119)."

Cheap Clubbing Rates.

We have made an arrangement with the publishers of the Inland Farmer, of Louisville, whereby we are enabled to furnish The Hartford Republican and that paper one year for \$1.50. The Inland Farmer is a weekly Journal and one of the best farm papers published in the United States. Our readers should take advantage of this offer.

The Era of Rich Women.

It is frequently urged by the advocates of votes for women, that women are taxed without representation. It is, of course, quite impossible accurately to estimate what proportion of the nation's wealth is ultimately held and controlled by women; but some astounding facts are disclosed by a casual glance at the list of taxpayers on personal property in the City of New York alone.

Seven persons in New York are taxed on \$1,000,000 worth or more of them are women, and a woman heads the list—Mrs. Emma B. Kennedy, widow of the late John Stewart Kennedy, who is taxed on \$6,000,000. Mr. Kennedy, in his will, left his wife \$15,000,000, besides giving about \$30,000,000 to charity. The next two names, taxed upon \$5,000,000 each, are Andrew Carnegie and Mrs. Margaret Sage, widow of the late Russell Sage. The third woman on the list is Mrs. Florence Amsinck, widow of the late Gustave Amsinck, the importing chemist, who is taxed on \$1,000,000 in personal property. By her husband's will Mrs. Amsinck received all his real estate in this country, in Germany and in Italy, as well as much other property. She is probably worth today \$20,000,000.

Scanning the New York tax list as far down as those assessed at \$50,000, we find listed by their Christian names, so that they are recognized as females some eighty other women paying a personal tax on a total of \$8,500,000. Doubtless there are many others listed only by their initials. Judging by the usual difference between the assessed value of a taxpayer's personal property and the actual size of his fortune, these figures must be multiplied a good many times if we want to estimate the total value of the property held by the eighty women. It must be remembered that some of the richest people in New York pay no personal tax, and that others are rated on a comparatively trifling assessment—not through perjury, by any means, but because of the many exemptions by law. For instance, J. Pierpont Morgan is taxed on only \$400,000 worth of personal property in New York.

For similar reasons, the list does

There's more strength in a bowl of

Quaker Oats

than in the same quantity or the same value of any other food you can eat.

Most nourishing, least expensive

Regular size 10c packages, and hermetically sealed tins for hot climates.

not include some of the largest fortunes held by women usually classed as New Yorkers. For example, it does not show the name of Mrs. E. H. Harriman, who, by the famous ninety-nine-word will of the late railroad magnate, inherited all his fortune, which was estimated by well-informed people at from \$50,000,000 to \$75,000,000, though some much higher guesses were made. Nor does it include Miss Helen Gould, nor many other women of great wealth.

Avoiding as far as possible mere estimates and guesswork, and drawing the figures largely from the published wills of the husbands, parents or relatives from whom they inherited, it is possible to make up a list of American women comprising less than twenty names, who control a combined wealth of half a billion dollars. It is easy to speak calmly of grasping the idea of it; but it is a larger sum than has ever been accumulated by one man, with the possible exception of John D. Rockefeller.

Add twenty or thirty more names, and the total would amount up toward three-quarters of a billion. Nor, even so, does the catalogue claim to be complete. Doubtless if the full facts could be secured, a list of 200 American women who control a combined wealth on \$1,000,000,000 could be compiled without violence to the truth.—Walker E. Patterson in June Munsey's

Democracy in Bad Plight.

Scandals involving every high office are now claiming the attention of the great states, Indiana and Illinois. It is charged on good authority in both instances that the seats in Congress of Senator Shively of this State and Senator Lorimer of Illinois were bought. One of the Senators is a Democrat and the other a Republican but Democratic legislators in both states are the ones charged with having sold out.

John W. Kern, of Indianapolis, twice Democratic candidate for governor of Indiana, Democratic candidate for vice president and in other ways the most honored Democrat in Indiana, made the charge openly that the brewers bought eight Democratic votes in the last legislature for Shively. He says he knows them but will not name them. In Illinois a Democratic member of the last Illinois legislature has confessed to having received a bribe to vote for Lorimer and implicated a number of others in the corruption.

Not only is the Democratic party placed in a sorry plight because its representatives made possible the corruption but because of the attitude of the party's leaders toward the alleged crimes. The Illinois chief executive happens to be a Republican and is doing all he can to back up the prosecution and ferret out the wrong if possible. In our own state how is it? We have a Democratic governor who completely ignores the serious charges and thus uses his position to connive at crime.

Honestly now, is there anything in disclosures being made in these two states that would recommend the Democratic party to the people? The Republicans connected with this corruption are no better than the Democrats but the Republican leaders are holding the party safe by lending their aid toward punishing the crimes. The Republican party when wrongdoing is found in its ranks always purges itself. That's the reason why it holds the confidence of the people.—Rockport Journal.

Do you use an atomizer in treating Nasal Catarrh? If so you will appreciate Ely's Liquid Cream Balm, the quickest and surest remedy for this disease. In all curative properties it is identical with the solid Cream Balm, which is so famous and so successful in overcoming Catarrh, Hay Fever and Cold in the head. There is relief in the first dash of spray upon the heated sensitive air-passages. All druggists 75c, including spraying tube, or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren St., New York.

BIG HOGS ONCE ROAMED THE PRAIRIES.

Huge Porkers Lived in Nebraska Back in Prehistoric Times.

Hogs half as large as motor cars, weighing three or four tons each and worth, at the present price of pork, more than \$1,000, once roamed the prairies of Nebraska. The skeleton of one of these monsters has just been discovered in Sioux County, Neb. and has been placed in the museum of the University of Nebraska. According to scientists, it was some hundreds of thousands of some millions of years ago that these animals walked the earth, and while they were very plentiful once, only two skeletons of the species have ever been found. The big hog and his mate were discovered embedded in a matrix of hard sandstone in Northwestern Nebraska. In the museum this hog is valued at \$50,000, the head alone being valued at \$15,000.

And such a head! Scientists say this hog's head was almost as large as an entire present-day hog. The skeleton head is more than a yard long, and its tusks are so long and sharp that it could literally have ripped open a rhinoceros with one swing of its giant head.

The big fellow stood nearly 10 feet high at the shoulders, but dwindled rapidly to the hind quarters. Its neck was thicker than the body of a fully-grown steer, and its tusks were 11 inches long.

According to scientists, this big hog, and others of his tribe, were the progenitors from which originated all the various kinds of hogs now raised by the farmers of the country. But despite the height to which comprehensive breeding of hogs has risen, not an agricultural school in the world can boast of raising such hogs as nature scattered over the plains in the days when the world was young.

Last year Nebraska shipped to market 3,076,010 hogs of normal size. If these animals had only been of the kind of that one whose skeleton is in the museum the gross returns, at the present price of hogs, would have been \$3,383,611,100, and with the 30,760,100-000 pounds of meat produced in their slaughter the question of the cost of living would be solved at once.

Ladies Take Notice.

We can clean and press your coat suits, skirts, jackets, cloaks or wraps, also clean your kid gloves and muffs. All work guaranteed. Prices reasonable. Hartford Pressing Club.

Released June 16 not Earlie.

Canadian authorities and the large land corporations of the Northwest Territories are making strenuous efforts to attract settlers. An active campaign is now being carried on in New England. Hundreds of thousands of our citizens have left this country, taking millions of dollars with them. In some states the exodus has assumed such proportions as to occasion alarm and the authorities have instituted remedial measures to stay the flood of emigration. In a few of the States Land Boards are conducting real estate exchanges and are making ludicrous efforts to acquaint homeseekers with the advantages and opportunities of their own agricultural districts.

The lure of the West, however, is still strong and compelling, and the wonderful industrial and agricultural development which is now going on in the arid and semi-arid regions is attracting ambitious and adventurous young Americans. Our own Government is endeavoring by opening to entry new farming regions, and by the dissemination of literature concerning the opportunities in the far West to hold within our own borders the constantly increasing stream of homeseekers whose eyes are turned toward the setting sun.

Out in the Great American Desert stupendous engineering works are being erected involving the expenditure of millions of dollars. Massive masonry dams now block abysmal canyons and hold back the enormous flood flow of torrential streams. Thousands of miles of canals, many of which carry water rivers, now water millions of acres of desert. The transformation which water has wrought in this rainless land is marvelous and the annual harvests are valued at more than a quarter of a billion dollars.

On many of the great irrigation works of the Government there are hundreds of farms on which water is ready for the coming of the homeseeker. With a modest capital of \$1,000 the homeseeker can establish a comfortable home on one of these farms, and secure an income for

himself and family and enjoy a degree of independence and freedom from worry unknown in the cities. The Statistician of the Reclamation Service at Washington, D. C., reports that hundreds of homeseekers are leaving the cities and towns where the increased cost of living has made difficult the problem of making both ends meet. These people include all professions and trades, from college professors to mine workers and factory hands, and in a majority of the cases investigated, success has followed their ventures into the newly opened farm land of the west.

The requirements are not so much a knowledge of farming as sufficient capital to get started and plenty of pluck and energy. The first few years on an irrigated farm in a new country call for hard work and plenty of it, but the assured rewards of industry are greater than in the humid region. Many of the new farmers are securing annual returns greater than their original capital, and this too in the third year on the land.

"Back to the farm" in the arid West does not mean isolation and loneliness, nor the absence of the comforts and luxuries which are customary in the East. The irrigated farms are small, communities are compact, the telephone, rural delivery, rail, and even trolley transportation, are all enjoyed. Churches, schools, and social organizations are quickly established. In all these factories which go to make farm life agreeable the reclaimed districts are not far behind the older settled parts of the country. While we have such advantages to offer our good American citizens there is no excuse for the expatriation of our people who are flocking to Canada.

Stops the Cough, heals the Lungs

QUICK'S COUGH MEDICINE

If not better than any other money back

J. C. Mendenhall Medicine Co. EVANSVILLE, IND.

Cleanliness and Economy.

When James William Pattison, secretary of the Municipal Art League, tells the American Federation of Art that Chicago is now a clean collar he means that cleanliness is not entirely a matter of agility or good luck. In the days of the old-fashioned soot flake it was. Not only the clean collar, but the clean face, depended on the sprightliness of the citizen, his alertness in seeing the downcoming and threatening soot and his footwork in avoiding its assault.

There was always something uncannily ferocious in the ability of the ordinary soot ball to pick its victim from a height of about a hundred feet and swoop on him like a hawk. Strangers in the city were helpless, but the native learned to avoid the attacks by sidestepping or by jumping for refuge. As Mr. Pattison says these days have gone by. The two-day collar is a possibility if you care to make use of it. Generally it goes best with an unshaven face, but that is a matter of taste.

Mr. Pattison merely mentioned the two-day privilege, but said that of course he did not make use of it. As a true highbrow the Art League secretary regards the collar-a-day as a principle not to set aside lightly.

As to Mr. W. R. French and his detachable cuffs, one is inclined to wish that Mr. Pattison had not been so frank. The temptation to give this telling illustration of the point he was making no doubt was great, but it would have been better if he had resisted it. If Mr. French wishes to wear detachable cuffs it probably is his own affair. It might be urged that he has a duty to the community being director of the Art Institute, but we shall not press that argument. It may be conceded that a high-brow, even such as an art institute director, may wear detachables if he cares to do so.

At the same time, it is nothing that any friend of the city or of the institute would care to have dragged into the bright light of public discussion. Its tendency is to weaken public confidence, but in time it will be forgotten, and there is a compensation in learning from Mr. Pattison that Mr. French, owing to the decreased output of soot, no longer wears his cuffs on top of his desk.

In spite of all this, Mr. Pattison made an encouraging talk. We do not advise the two-day collar advocate to spend much of their time along the Illinois Central right of way. That would be asking too much of any collar, but it is inspiring to know that a partial offset to the increased cost of veal shanks may be found in the decreased laundry bill.—Chicago Tribune.

QUICK'S COUGH MEDICINE

Quickest and best for coughs

GUARANTEED

Sold by druggists. Made by

J. C. Mendenhall Medicine Co., Evansville, Ind.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Save \$75! BY PURCHASING ONE OF OUR

FULL BOOKKEEPING COURSE SCHOLARSHIPS

for only \$25. The regular price is \$100. Those who bring or mail this advertisement to us within five days after seeing it and telling us where they saw it will be able to have one reserved at the low rate of \$25. Books and stationery are included. No time limit. If not ready now, buy one for future use.



PRINCIPAL

Bryant Stratton

BUSINESS COLLEGE.

Second and Walnut Streets, LOUISVILLE, KY.



WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN EACH TOWN

sample Latest Model "Ranger" bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. Write for full particulars and special offer at once. NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone, anywhere in the U. S. without a cent deposit in advance. Prepay freight, and allow TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and you will not be out one cent. FACTORY PRICES. We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one small profit above actual factory cost. You save \$5 to \$8 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone at any price until you receive our catalogue and learn our unheard of factory prices and remarkable special offers to rider agents. YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED. Study our superb models at the wonderfully low prices we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for less money than any other factory. We are satisfied with \$1.00 profit above factory cost. We will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price \$4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

COASTER-BRAKES. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but usually have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from \$3 to \$8 or \$10. Descriptive bargain lists mailed free. We have single wheels, imported roller chains and pedals, parts, repairs and equipment of all kinds at half the usual retail prices.

\$8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF \$4.80

SELF-HEALING TIRES TO INTRODUCE, ONLY

The regular retail price of these tires is \$8.50 per pair, but to introduce we will sell you a sample pair for \$4.80 each with order \$4.85.

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES

NAILS, Tacks or Glass will not let the air out. Sixty thousand pairs sold last year. Over two hundred thousand pairs now in use.

DESCRIPTION: Made in all sizes. It is lively and easy riding, very durable and lined inside with a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of this specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is \$8.50 per pair, but for advertising purposes we are making a special factory price to the rider of only \$4.80 per pair. All orders shipped same day letter is received. We ship C. O. D. on approval. You do not pay a cent until you have examined and found them strictly as represented.

You will allow a cash discount of 5 per cent (thereby making the price \$4.55 per pair) if you send FULL CASH WITH ORDER and enclose this advertisement. You run no risk in sending us an order as the tires may be returned at OUR expense if for any reason they are not satisfactory on examination. We are perfectly reliable and money sent to us is as safe as in a bank. If you order a pair of these tires, you will find that they will ride easier, run faster, wear better, last longer and look finer than any tire you have ever used or seen at any price. We know that you will be so well pleased that when you want a bicycle you will give us your order. We want you to send us a trial order at once, hence this remarkable tire offer.

IF YOU NEED TIRES don't buy any kind at any price until you send for a pair of the introductory price quoted above; or write for our big Tire and Sundry Catalogue which describes and quotes all makes and kinds of tires at about half the usual prices.

DO NOT WAIT to write us a postal today. DO NOT THINK OF BUYING a bicycle

offers we are making. It only costs a postal to learn everything. Write it NOW.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

Hartford Republican.

Entered according to law at the Postoffice at Hartford, Ky., as mail matter of the second class.

C. M. BARNETT EDITOR

TELEPHONES.
Cumberland.....40.
Rough River.....22.

FRIDAY, JUNE 17.

"Man's inhumanity to man causes countless millions to mourn."

Let us all give thanks that the last brief in the Ballinger investigation has been filed.

The man or woman who would assassinate the character of a fellow creature would stab you in the dark or break into your house at night, except for cowardice.

Only those who have no skeleton within their own closets are safe in repeating bits of scandal, and this class of persons are usually too high minded to think of such a thing.

The Democrats and Insurgents will continue to howl for still lower tariff while the country goes to the dogs because of uncertainty in all the lines of trade.

If the motto, "Do unto others as you would have them do unto you," was carried out to the letter, the amount of slanderous reports which are usually scattered about from neighbor to neighbor would be reduced about six-fifths.

Commend us to the man who has a cheerful countenance and kind word for his fellow man upon all occasions. Anyone would be willing to place a flower upon the mound which marks the last resting place of a brother, but so few are willing to pin the rose on the lapel of a brother's coat in life.

The President of the United States should be thick skinned enough not to allow adverse criticism to penetrate his cuticle to such an extent as to cause him to become petulant enough to bar the doors of the White House against any visitor who desires to enter, whether a member of Congress or not.

One of the very best ways to test whether or not you want to repeat a slanderous statement is to ask your informant whether or not he or she would be willing to go into court and swear to the truthfulness of it. If not willing to do so, it is safest to lock the piece of gossip within your own breast for all time to come.

Mayor W. O. Heard, of Louisville, has announced his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for governor of Kentucky. Having organized a police force which trampled over the bones of little Alma Kellner for months without finding them, no doubt the mayor believes that he could manage the executive department of the state with equal success.

The old soldiers will have a gay day at Hartford, July 4th. The time is fast approaching when an old soldier of either the Federal or Confederate armies will be of more than passing interest because of the fact that they are fast disappearing from the stage of action. Let us honor them upon this occasion and appreciate the opportunity to do so as one which will not come very many more times for these old men.

The Democratic party has gotten far enough along in the campaign for purity in politics to send out the usual circular letter requesting funds with which to corrupt the coming congressional elections. In this letter the following paragraph occurs: "Please send to the Democratic Congressional Committee, Washington, D. C., a check at once, as we are greatly in need of funds to push our work and must depend upon Democrats to furnish them."

Both Lying and Stealing.

Senator Depew, in a magazine article, punctures a few myths. He calls attention to the fact that the National Clothiers' Association has announced that it must increase the price of \$12 suits by \$3 and add \$5 to the price of a \$20 suit. It gives out that these increases are due to the tariff.

But the Senator says that the cloth in a \$12 suit amounts to only \$3, and the cloth in a \$20 suit to \$5. That is the average cost of all the goods that go into such a suit. The tariff on the wool amounts to 75 cents on the \$12 suit and to \$1.25 on the \$20 suit. And this tariff has been in existence for twelve years, without change, no change having been made in the last revision of the tariff.

How can they say that the Payne-Aldrich bill warrants such increases when the duties remained the same as they have been for a dozen years past?

And if the whole of the tariff were

added to the price of clothing it could make only 75 cents difference on a \$12 suit and \$1.25 on a \$20 suit. But in each case the manufacturers talk about adding four times the total amount of the tariff.

This illustration is important to show what mysterious things happen under the excuse of the tariff. Instead of being criticised for attempting to make such increases, the politicians defend the clothing makers on the theory that they are scoring a point against the tariff bill. So every politician becomes a defender of an unwarranted increase on the part of the makers of clothing. And that politics. In short, when they say that they make the increase on account of the tariff they are both lying and stealing—the tariff makes no such practice excusable.—Cedar Rapids Republican.

HERBERT.

June 14.—Mr. Oscar Rice has sold his farm to Mr. Jim Chambers. Mr. Rice will move to Meade county.

Mr. W. T. Crow and family visited in Whitesville, Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Milligan and Mr. Walter Skinner went to Owensboro Sunday to see Mr. George Milligan who is sick.

Mrs. Irene Haynes, Owensboro was buried here the 1st of this month. She was the last of a large family.

We are still waiting for the road grader to work our roads which are in a very bad condition.

Mr. and Mrs. Dudley Haynes spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Alvey, Aetnaville.

Mrs. Ann Huff is visiting her sister, Mrs. Eldred Crabtree below Owensboro.

Miss Hortense Mosley, of Pellville, sent Sunday with Miss Eunice Baize.

Mrs. Bina Cooper, Owensboro who has been visiting here has gone to Fordsville.

Mrs. Obenchain of Pellville, is spending sometime with her daughter Mrs. O. T. Burdett.

Mrs. Elizabeth Dethott of Synthia who has been the guest of Mrs. Salie Floyd has gone home.

FAIRVIEW.

June 14.—Miss Maude Faught has returned home after several months in school at Danville, Ky.

Miss Bessie K. Acton and little sister, Ruby returned home Friday after a weeks visit with their cousin Miss Myrtle V. Carter, Narrows.

Misses Floy and Maggie Miller Rosine, visited Misses Eunice and Maggie Wilson, Sunday.

The singing at Mr. T. L. Faughts Saturday night was highly enjoyed by all present.

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Acton, Sulphur Springs, visited their son, Rev. T. J. Acton and family Sunday.

Sunday School at this place is progressing nicely. Little Miss Eva Pierce entertained the school with a nice recitation Sunday. There will not be any Sunday school next Sunday on account of the "Old Folks" day at Cane Run.

EASTVIEW.

June 14.—A heavy electric and rain storm passed over this section last Thursday morning.

Miss Cliffie Austin, Beaver Dam, is spending a few days with relatives in this vicinity.

Mrs. Mary Collins, of Beaver Dam, is spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. R. French.

Mrs. Olie McElpen, of Sturgis, is the guest of her grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Daniel.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Massie spent Sunday with relatives at Maxwell.

Mr. Luther Collins, of Beaver Dam, was the guest of Mr. S. R. French Sunday.

Mr. Elie Martin went to the Bald Knob hills Friday hunting.

Mr. W. T. French is on the sick list. Mr. Albert Taylor, of Clear Run, was in this vicinity Thursday.

COOPER SCHOOLHOUSE.

June 13.—Miss Audra Taylor is visiting friends and relatives at Cool Springs.

Mr. Luther Liles, Gilstrap visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Liles of this place Saturday night.

Several of this place attended the Children's day at Liberty church Sunday. There was a large crowd present and all report a nice time.

Miss Tassie Taylor visited friends at Prentiss, last week.

Mr. Fred Rafferty and wife and little daughter, Wauneta visited Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Stevens Saturday night and Sunday.

Gertie Stevens, of this place, returned home Sunday after several days visit with her brother, Mr. Charlie Stevens, Beaver Dam.

Rev. Birch Shields filled his regular appointment at Cool Springs Saturday night and Sunday.

Miss Nellie Plummer, Beaver Dam, is visiting her grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Liles.

Everybody come to Sunday School next Sunday at 3 p. m.

STAGE COACH

IS HELD UP.

However, Not In The Old Western Away With "Hoss"

Pistols.

The Owensboro Messenger of Sunday says:

James Stinnett, a farmer living in the Bell's Run neighborhood, was arrested by Officers Logsdon and Mercer Saturday morning on the charge of robbery. He being accused of robbing A. K. Alvey, the stage driver between Hartford and Owensboro. Stinnett was caught by the police as he jumped from the stage wagon at the corner of Lewis and Main streets. When searched he had \$24.13 in small change on his person. Alvey was held in the city until noon, when he was allowed to leave for Hartford. The charge against Stinnett will be called at 2:30 o'clock in police court Monday afternoon.

Alvey claimed that he was robbed of between \$75 and \$100 on Friday night. He and Stinnett were together and were in King's saloon on West Fifth street Friday afternoon and it is claimed that at that time Stinnett had but \$3 in cash with him. Both were drinking during the day and the police were informed that they were drunk together on Friday night. Alvey reported his loss to the police and at the time accused Stinnett of robbing him.

While seated in front of police headquarters, Officers Mercer and Logsdon were watching for a trace of the stage and caught sight of it on Main street, en route east on that street. They followed on bicycles and were close on the wagon at Lewis and Main streets when Stinnett jumped out at the back. The description of Stinnett caused the police to arrest him. At that time the officers did not know that Alvey was the man who had been robbed and allowed him to drive on. But he was detained at Cushion's saloon until noon. He was said to be intoxicated. Stinnett was taken to police headquarters and locked up. It seems that both men have forgotten their transactions of Friday night. Stinnett has had a very good reputation heretofore.

Stinnett and Alvey were reared in the same neighborhood and have been frequently together since their boyhood days. They had been quite chummy when young.

STINNETT'S TRIAL POSTPONED.
The case against James Stinnett, of the Whitesville neighborhood, who was arrested in Owensboro early Saturday morning on the charge of grand larceny, alleging that he robbed A. K. Alvey, the Hartford stage driver, of between \$75 and \$100 in money on Friday evening, was set for trial before Judge Hoskins Tuesday morning. Stinnett entered a plea of not guilty to the charge. At the hour of going to press we were unable to learn the result of the trial.

Iron Fence for Sale.

By order of the Ohio County Fiscal Court, we will offer for sale to the highest and best bidder the iron fence, posts etc., surrounding the Ohio County Court House at the Court House door at 1 o'clock p. m. Monday, July 11th, 1910. This fence is in good state of preservation and will make splendid enclosures for lots in country cemeteries. You may miss a bargain if you do not attend this sale.

B. S. CHAMBERLIN,
R. HOLBROOK,
C. M. BARNETT,

4764 Committee.

A. S. of E.

The Beaver Dam Magisterial District Union A. S. of E. will meet at Cooper Schoolhouse the last Saturday in June 1910 at 10 o'clock a. m. Let us have a full attendance.

HORACE L. TAYLOR Sec.

PALO.

June 13.—The rain has done considerable damage to corn and tobacco in this locality.

Mrs. S. F. Ezell, Palo, went to see her daughter, Mrs. Ida Stewart and family at Taylor Mines Saturday.

Mr. Kit Berry and sisters, Fanny Pearl and Hazel attended Sunday school at Marvins Chapel Sunday.

Mr. George Russell and family were the guests of Mr. Jim Powers and family of Unnydale Sunday.

Master Halley White was the guest of Hazel Berry last Sunday.

Mr. Cliff Berry and brother Orville will start in a few days for the west.

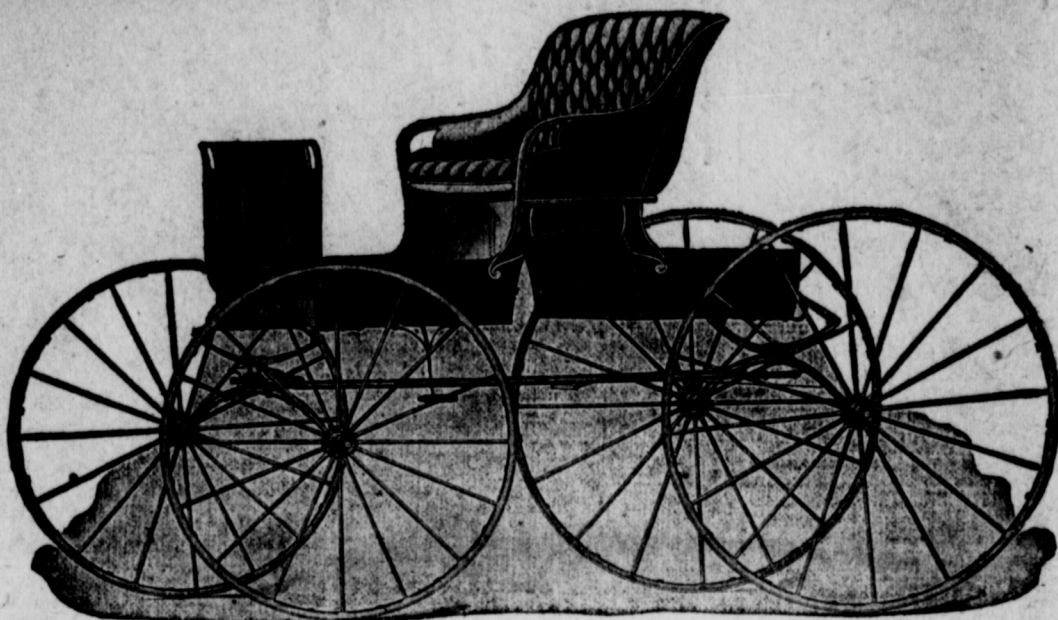
Mrs. William Coy and Nollie Coy were the guests of Mrs. Mary White last Saturday.

Mr. John Dodson was in our midst last Saturday.

Mr. Wm. Feemster and wife and Mr. Dug Feemster and wife, Palo, were called to the bedside of their little niece, Gladys Hogland, Taffy, who is very ill.

Mr. Buck Flener went to Sunnydale

Let Us Show You Our Line of BUGGIES and SURRIES



We are headquarters for the famous Owensboro, the genuine Geo. G. Delker, and Banner Buggies and Surries which are fully guaranteed. They will last longer and run easier than any other buggy or surrey on the market.

THE OHIO COUNTY SUPPLY CO.,
Incorporated.
Hartford, - Kentucky.

last Saturday on business.

Mr. Claud Ward and wife and Mrs. Dooly, of No Creek, were the guests of Mrs. Dooly's son, Mr. Richard Dooly and family last Saturday and Sunday.

The music entertainment at Mr. J. D. Berries last Saturday night was quite a success. Those present were Richard Dooly and wife, Mr. Claud Ward and wife and Mrs. Dooly of No Creek, Mr. Charlie Duncan of Sunnydale, Mr. Everett Maden and Mrs. W. S. White and Chester Wimsatt.

Uncle John Wimsatt and wife, Mr. W. L. White and family were the guests of Mr. J. D. Berry and family Sunday.

Mr. Boon Coy and wife, Concord were the guests of his parents, Mr. and Wm. Coy last Sunday.

Mr. John Dodson and wife attended the decoration of W. O. W. graves at the Midkiff graveyard last Sunday. Also Mr. H. O. Duke and wife, Mr. Walter Conrad and wife, Mr. Whobery and wife and Mr. John Wimsatt and wife.

NARROWS.

*June 14.—Mrs. B. P. Petty was in Fordsville on business Monday.

Miss Mona Murphy, Hartford, is visiting friends in and near Narrows.

Misses Effie and Eddith Duke are the guests of their sister Mrs. A. R. Renfrow.

Miss Mattie Duke, Hartford is visiting Miss Grace Renfrow. Grace will accompany Miss Duke home the latter part of the week.

Rev. and Mrs. Frank Petty and son, Carlisle, of Trenton, are visiting Mrs. Petty's mother, Mrs. Park for a few weeks.

Miss Maude Shultz and Mr. Joe Lovel who have been attending school at Bowling Green for the past two months have returned home for the summer.

Mr. John Greer, Whitesville is visiting in his daughter, Mrs. M. E. Powers this week.

Mrs. Dr. Ira Cosby and little son are visiting Mrs. Cosby's mother near Owensboro.

Miss Lake Hines, Fordsville, spent Saturday and Sunday with Mrs. Ora Renfrow.

Dr. I. D. Cosby is in Louisville this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Thomas and children Orle and Linden, visited Mrs. Thomas' father, Mr. Noble Bean, Sulphur Springs Sunday.

Mr. Ernest Duke visited Mr. and Mrs. Renfrow Saturday night and Sunday.

Elegant Entertainment.

The Boetoea Club of Hartford, gave another elegant social last Friday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Render. Although the weather was very inclement the occasion was enjoyed by all, and again the young men were complimented upon their socials. The club made special arrangements with Prof. Penke, who lectured at Dr. Bean's Opera House that evening, and attended his lecture in a body from 8:30 to 9:30, and then repaired to Mr. and Mrs. Render's. The lecture feature was something unique, and was appreciated by the guests.

Those present were: Misses Etta Wright, Mayfield, Ky.; Lela Magan, Buford, Ky.; Elsie Matthews, Gertrude Wright, Anna Eliza Keown,

Hettie Riley, Nora Wedding, Verna Duke, Annie Allen Elgin, Ira Mills, Beatrice Haynes, Annie J. Patton, Effie Render, Pessie Taylor, Fannie Whittingham, Alice Keown, Mary Marks, Ruth Riley, Tiny Yeiser and Mr. and Mrs. Carlisle Render; Messrs. Ellis Foster, W. Fred Anderson, Harold Holbrook, Otto Martin, William Gillespie, McHenry Holbrook, Raymer Tinsley, Martin Thomas, Dr. J. Trace Hardin, J. Ney Foster, Douglas D. Felix, Sydney Williams, Dr. Horace Bell and Estill Barnett.

The Club desires to express its thanks to Mr. and Mrs. Render, Miss Effie and Mr. and Mrs. Carlisle Render for their many favors on this occasion.

Summer Tourist Fares.

The Illinois Central Railroad Company authorizes round trip tickets sold as follows:

Cerulean, Ky. \$ 3.50
East View, Ky. 2.15
Grayson Springs, Ky. 1.65
Chicago, Ill. 16.05

Tickets on sale May 15th, 1910 to September 30th 1910 inclusive. Final return limit Oct. 31st, 1910.

Dawson Springs, Ky., \$2.30 round trip tickets on sale daily. Final return six months from date of sale.

The above rates apply from Beaver Dam, Ky. Low rates from other stations on application.

J. E. WILLIAMS, Agent.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of execution No. 177 directed to me, which issued from the Clerk's office of the Ohio Circuit Court, in favor of E. F. Dondua against Mayworth Barnard for the sum of \$603.52 with interest from the 13 day of July, 1909 and \$11.80 cost. I, or one of my deputies, will, on Monday the 4th, day of July 1910, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m., and two o'clock p. m., at the Court House door in Hartford, Ohio County, Kentucky, expose to PUBLIC SALE, to the highest bidder, the following property (or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy Plaintiff's debt, interest, and costs,) to-wit:

A tract of land bounded as follows: Beginning at a point on low water mark in the line of Moore and Crabtree, on north side, of rough river; thence extending N. 35 W. 4520 feet to a stone on the edge of the Hart and Ross Riffle road; thence extending S. 35 E. 4050 feet to a stone on the bank of Rough river; thence extending with the meanders of Rough river 1305 feet to the point of beginning, Containing 120 acres, subject to mortgage due Bank of Hartford.

Also a parcel of ground lying in Hartford Ohio county, Kentucky, and being Southeast, one half of town lots Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, as the same is now fenced being same lots conveyed by Mary E. Taylor to Rowan Holbrook on 19th day of September 1900 and of record Ohio County Clerk's Office Deed Book No. 276, subject to a mortgage of Bank of Hartford levied upon as the property of Mayworth Barnard.

TERMS: Sale will be made on a credit of 6 months, bond with approved security required, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum from day of sale, and having the force and effect of a bond.

WITNESS my hand, this 14th day of June 1910.

T. H. BLACK Sheriff O. C.



SYMPATHY

helps hurts, but it won't cure an aching tooth, won't wake a married one look like its old self. Takes a skillful, experienced dentist to do that. Get all the sympathy you can, but for real relief and good dental work make an appointment with us for the practical way of getting your teeth in fine shape. Best crown and bridge work in this town or any town. Teeth extracted without pain. All work guaranteed. Telephone 218.

DRS. HARDIN & BELL,
DENTISTS

Office in Republican Bldg. Hartford, Ky.

Why Not Get Those

PHOTOS

Made Now?

If you neglect it or defer it much longer you may regret it. Bring the babies, send the old folks and come yourself. The price of photo supplies is going up and we will soon have to charge more for our work. Better come right away.

Schroeter's Studio,
Over Republican Office.

Concrete Work.

Concrete work of all kinds laid by experienced workmen. Anything in concrete from an ordinary pavement to concrete residence. Estimates furnished free. All work guaranteed.

J. L. RILEY,
CONTRACTOR.
Hartford, Ky.



Just a Touch

here and there marks the difference between being "well dressed" and "dressed up."

McCALL PATTERNS combine Style with Simplicity.

WASH GOODS SUGGESTIONS.

We do not want to be officious or meddle with your affairs but we do want every Lady to know of our immense stock of White and Fancy Wash Goods. We will certainly regard it a special favor if you will visit us and let our experienced Salesladies show you the many dainty patterns. They will help in showing you exclusive designs in dainty Val Laces, Insertions, Allovers, Etc., to correspond with any fabrics you may select. A complete line of McCall Patterns to select from—10c an 15c, none higher. Our advice: Trade where trading will be a pleasure to you.

FAIR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

Illinois Central Railroad--Time Table.

North Bound.	South Bound.
No. 182 due 4:05 a. m.	No. 121 due 11:35 a. m.
No. 122 due 12:28 p. m.	No. 101 due 2:48 p. m.
No. 102 due 2:46 p. m.	No. 181 due 8:15 p. m.

Have You Seen it Advertised?

If you have, and its good and a Drug Store article, we have it. We don't however, sell a thing simply because it's being advertised. We must know first that it has merit and that the advertisement tells the truth. You can trust our judgement in these matters, or if you see it advertised and want to look into it, come to us. Every truly meritorious article that a Drug Store should keep is in our stock.

Remember that, and when you want anything in our line, come to see us.

Hartford Drug Co.
(Incorporated.)

OUR RULE OF THREE

Is of interest to housekeepers who devote thought to grocery buying.

RULE ONE—Extreme care when we purchase.

TWO—Inferior goods never even considered.

THREE—Prices as small as we can make them.

That's our rule of three. We have other rules, too. The rules of four, five and six. A quick store service. A delivery ditto. And a willingness to make wrongs right.

We make good all along the grocery line, and we would be glad to prove it in your case.

May we?

ILER'S GROCERY
HARTFORD, KY.

Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY, JUNE 17.

M. H. & E. Railroad Time Table at Hartford, Ky.

Trains pass Hartford at the following times:
NORTH BOUND.
112—7:03 a. m., Passenger, Daily.
114—3:10 p. m., Mixed, Daily except Sunday.
SOUTH BOUND.
115—9:00 a. m., Mixed, Daily except Sunday.
113—2:07 p. m., Passenger, Daily.

Hartford Mill Co. has lots of good Ear Corn and Oats to sell.

Mr. E. W. Cooper, Nashville, Tenn., is visiting relatives in town.

If you are thinking of buying a Stove or Range see U. S. Carson.

The Globe Stove Co.'s Stoves and Ranges are for sale by U. S. Carson.

Miss Ella Norris, Reynolds, is the guest of Hon. T. J. Smith and family.

Hon. and Mrs. H. P. Taylor have returned from a few days visit to Dawson Springs.

Mrs. E. J. Hudson returned Monday from a visit to her brother, Mr. Z. O. King, of Central City.

Mrs. Annie Crawford, Greenville, visited the family of Dr. E. B. Pendleton several days this week.

Hon. M. L. Heavrin and wife have returned after a few days visit to relatives and friends in Louisville.

Miss Annie Jones, Greenville, was the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Jones, the first of the week.

Leave your Laundry at Cleve Her's grocery. Work guaranteed and prompt delivery. Agent for Madisonville Steam Laundry, Madisonville Ice & Laundry Company, Incorporated.

Attorneys E. M. Woodward and C. E. Smith are in Cincinnati, Ohio this week to argue the case of A. B. Beard against Ohio County in behalf of defendant before the United States Court of Appeals.

We have coming a lot of Golden Rule Flour at a special price. Get it while you can.

24 pound sack 75c
48 pound sack \$1.45
Barrel \$5.50
Hartford Grocery Co.

Judge J. S. Glenn, of the firm of Glenn & Simmerman, was in Louisville several days this week on legal business.

Mr. Robert A. Bennett, Portland, Oregon, will arrive in Hartford Sunday to visit his parents, Rev. and Mrs. R. D. Bennett.

Our sales on Blanke's Coffee are increasing daily. Include some of this excellent coffee in your next order. Hartford Grocery Co.

Miss Ula Dunn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Dunn, left for Washington City, last Monday where she will have a position in the Census Bureau at a salary of \$50 per month.

Leave your laundry with Lyons & Duke, (Hartford Grocery Company) for the Richmond Steam Laundry, Richmond, Indiana. This laundry always gives satisfaction. Prompt delivery. Satisfaction guaranteed. 28th.

Dr. E. W. Ford is giving his Sunday school class an outing on the river below town and the boys are fishing and having a good time generally. Those who went on the trip are as follows: Armit Greer, Percy Dunn, Cecil Martin, Cressy Greer, Rhea O'Bannon, Hoyt Taylor, Earl Maury, Hubert Midkiff, John Phipps and Charlie King.

Chickens and Chickens.

There were two rather unusual suits tried in the City Court in Hartford last Monday. The first was Lee Lewis against James Fuqua for poisoning seventeen chickens and shooting another. After hearing the evidence, argument of counsel and instruction of the City Judge C. M. Crowe, the jury returned a verdict giving plaintiff \$9 as the value of the chickens and \$26.66 2-3 punitive damage. The next case tried was that of R. C. Lewis against same defendant for killing 10 chickens. In the latter case the jury gave plaintiff \$6 as the value of his chickens and \$15 damage, making \$15 as value of 28 chickens and \$41.66 2-3 damage. The litigants all live in the vicinity of Sunnydale, this county.

Money Wanted.

Wanted to borrow \$150. for six months, gilt edged security. Address S. care Republican office.

WYSOX.

June 15.—Miss Rhoda Williams, of Rockport, spent Saturday night and Sunday with Miss Pearl Davenport.

Misses Marian and Margarette Williamson returned home Friday from Harden county, where they have been attending school.

Mr. Billie Williamson, Luzerne, was the guest of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Margarette Taylor from Friday until Monday.

Mrs. Mary Barnett, Beaver Dam, is the guest of friends and relatives in this community.

Born to Mrs. R. H. Taylor, June 12th, a girl.

Miss Powell Jones, Hartford, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Una Taylor.

Messrs. John Vaught and George Crunk took dinner at Mr. Q. M. Benton's Sunday.

The heavy rains and back water is doing a great deal of damage to farmers in this community.

Mr. Ed Crunk spent Sunday with Messrs. Rich and Edgar Taylor, Taglontown.

Among the Lodges.

Eastern Star Chapter had initiatory work at the regular meeting last Monday evening and a very pleasant and successful session was enjoyed by all those who were in attendance.

Rough River Lodge No. 110, K. of P. gave the third Rank to eleven Esquires at the regular meeting Tuesday evening. This was the largest class upon which this lodge ever conferred the Rank work at one session. There is considerable work on hands yet for the lodge to do before hot weather and every member is requested to be present next Tuesday night.

Gone Home.

God in his infinite wisdom has seen it best to send his death angel to earth for Mr. J. K. Smith the loved husband of Mrs. Annie Smith, who is heart-broken over the great loss of a kind loving husband. Dear Mrs. Annie look beyond the grave for Mr. Smith, who with a host of loved ones is standing at the pearly gates of heaven waiting and watching for you to come home. Though another star has been added to the eternal heaven's whose presence will be as a guide to us o'er life's sin-erected billions into the unchangeable heaven of rest. We deeply feel and realize our great loss. Yet we know 'tis God who bereft us and comfort our broken hearts By the words that seemed written on his face as he lay in his last peaceful slumbers, calmly resting at Jesus feet, life's o're and the victory won. Dear Mr. Smith has gone to heaven, yes he has gone on before to welcome his loved one in glory.

I tender my heartfelt sympathy to

his wife and loved ones.

ANNIE C.

The Record Press of Marion where Mr. Smith lived for years pays the following tribute to his memory.

On Sunday morning the soul of J. K. Smith passed into eternity. He was a man well and favorably known. He was a prominent member of the Methodist church and lived a life for the Master.

The remains were shipped to Sturgis for burial Monday, followed by a number of his friends and loved ones, including Rev. J. B. Adams and Rev. R. C. Love, who conducted the funeral services. The pall bearers from Marion were: J. D. Asher, J. B. Easley, J. W. Lamb, W. D. Camman, G. D. Summerville and Sam Gugenheim. The remains were laid to rest in the beautiful Pythian Ridge cemetery.

Notice.

I will buy scrap-iron and junk of all kinds at any time. W. E. Ellis, The Produce Man.

BALD KNOB.

June 14.—People are about through setting tobacco in this neighborhood. There will be singing at this place next Saturday night. Preaching Sunday and Sunday night. Everybody come.

Several from here attended children's day at Liberty last Sunday.

Mr. Jonathan Raley, who has been visiting relatives in this neighborhood returned to his son's, Mr. Clarence Raley, Monday.

Miss Bessie Torrence, who has been staying at Hartford for some time, but is now at Mr. J. W. Taylor's, is taking measles.

A few from here will attend the Sunday School Convention at Mt. Liberty next Sunday.

Miss Orela Davis, who has been very sick for sometime, is some better. We hope she will continue to improve.

Mrs. Ann Miller Dead.

Mrs. Ann Miller, widow of the late John Miller, died at the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. Sam Rowe, yesterday morning. Funeral services will be conducted by Rev. R. D. Bennett at the Methodist church, Centertown, this morning at 9 o'clock, after which her remains will be taken to what is known as the Amos Miller burying grounds for interment. The deceased was 50 years old and had been a member of the Methodist church for many years. Two sons and one daughter, several grandchildren and a host of friends and other relatives, among whom is Dr. J. T. Miller, of Hartford, a brother-in-law, survive.

Baptist Church.

Services next Sunday. Sunday school session 9:45 o'clock. Morning worship at 11 o'clock, theme of sermon "My Brother's Keeper." Evening worship at 8 o'clock. The public is invited to worship with us. J. W. BRUNER Pastor.

SELECT.

June 14.—Farmers are getting behind with their work on account of so much rain. The water is over all the low ground.

Mr. Hubert Faught was in Hartford Monday on business.

Mr. J. H. Stewart delivered a fine drove of fat hogs to Beaver Dam Monday.

Mr. Wilson Smith contemplates going to Oregon in the near future.

Prof. and Mrs. J. Alex Rhoads visited at Centertown from Saturday until Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Silas Hohelmer, near Hartford, visited relatives here Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. John L. Miller visited his father, Esq. W. P. Miller, of Horse Branch Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Delmer Stewart made a flying trip to Hartford Sunday.

Prof. E. S. Howard of Pinchico, was in town Monday.

BOILER FOR SALE.

Forty-horse power, in good condition, will sell cheap. HOOKER WILLIAMS, 44th Mgr. Hartford Ice Co.

Prof. C. C. Justus Promoted.

For several months the Ballard County Board of Education have been negotiating with Mr. Justus to be the head of the County High School at La Center, the place from which Mr. Justus came when he took charge of West Kentucky Seminary at Beaver Dam. The chairman of the Ballard Board, Dr. T. M. Baker, at his own suggestion, came to Beaver Dam to see Mr. Justus on June 2, at which time the conditions were agreed upon. The Board met Friday last and wired Mr. Justus notice of his election at a salary of \$1,200. He thus goes back where he taught a term of years and among the people who elected him without his having to make an application—a deserved compliment to a most worthy citizen and instructor.

Unsettled Weather Specials.

First it's hot and then it's cold. We are worried with it! We don't know what to offer---summer garments or winter. Anyway, we must sell goods and we are making some unsettled prices till the weather is settled.

If It's Hot,

Buy for this week

Good Scotch Lawns at.....	41c
Splendid Vests for.....	8c each
\$1.25 Shirt Waists for.....	98c
Ribbons up to 35c values for.....	10c yard
Printed Flaxons, worth 20c for.....	15c yard

If It's Cold,

—Try—

Irish Linen, 50c value for.....	40c
Irish Linen, 35c value for.....	30c
Hope Cotton, 10c value for.....	81c
Long Cloth, 121c value for.....	10c
This week only at these prices.	

DEPEND ON
BARNARD & CO.
HARTFORD, KY.

Our \$10 and \$15 Suits

Are surpassing values. You ought to see the values we are offering at these two special prices. Handsome weaves, the best styles, tailored to fit, and every pattern we show is the top notch of fashion. You will find that these prices here will do more value getting than you believe possible in clothes. Blacks, grays, browns, in all the new combinations, in Cassimeres and Worsteds, are found in this collection. We are at your service for a look. This store is here to render a service to this community. We're running this business to make a profit for you as well as ourselves, because we realize that your interest is our interest. We want you to investigate and satisfy yourselves fully that these conditions actually exist. We serve, rather than just sell.

E. P. Barnes & Bros.
BEAVER DAM, KY.

TIMBER SUPPLY DECREASING. Use of Wood for Paper and Lum- ber Rapidly Depleting Supply.

All our standing timber is estimated to be somewhere between 1,400,000,000 and 2,000,000,000 feet. If we use 40,000,000 feet per annum we can run thirty-five to fifty years at the present rate, provided we do not have any waste. If we use 100,000,000 feet per annum our timber will last fourteen to twenty years on the same basis. If we use 150,000,000 feet per annum in nine to thirteen years our timber will all be gone. We have now about 165,000,000 acres in our national reserves. If we had three times that much we should not have enough.

If it costs twenty acres a Sunday, or forty acres a week, or 2000 acres a year, to print one daily newspaper, what does it cost in acreage to print all the newspapers in all the cities and towns of America? Add to this the enormous editions of our magazine. Add to this the paper used in books. The total staggers the imagination, and yet the amount of timber cut for pulp in the United States annually is less than 5 per cent of what is cut for lumber. Last year we made more than 315,000,000 lead pencils. Lead pencil is not very large, but the total number of lead pencils required 7,300,000 cubic feet of cedar. We have cedar enough to last us just twelve years.

More than 100,000 acres of timber, in the whole United States, are cut over every working day. We use many times more timber per capita than any other nation. We have left not over 450,000,000 acres bearing commercial timber. Cast up in your mind some of the small demands of industry upon the supply. Our railroads are said to use one-third of the industrial timber cut for ties. Suppose we could cut 100 ties to the acre; we should require 1,000,000 acres a year for ties. We annually reap for telegraph and telephone poles somewhere between 3,000,000 and 4,000,000 acres of land. Our tanneries two years ago required 1,370,000 cords of bark. In the same year we cut 11,858,260 shingles and 3,812,807 laths. Then we had to timber our mines, and for that we used 165,000,000 cubic feet, not board measure, much of which was the best of hardwood.

Sunday School of the South

Knoxville, Tenn., June 21, July 21, 1910. Tickets on sale June 19-20-21-25-26, July 2-9-10 and 16, 1910. Final return limit fifteen days from date of sale. Extension of final limit to September 30th, 1910, may be secured by depositing ticket with special agent and payment of fee of \$1.00 at time of deposit. Fare for round trip \$9.55. J. E. WILLIAMS, Agt., Beaver Dam, Ky.

Girls as Straphangers.

The sea was filled and a few men were hanging on to straps. Near the back door sat the four young chaps—none looking, between 18 and 21, debonaire, happy-go-lucky, well dressed and self-satisfied. They might have been seniors in high school. Opposite them sat a girl—20 or thereabouts. It was quite obvious that some of their conversation was intended to impress her, but she was quite blind to their existence and equally deaf to their trenchant sallies. She studied the advertisements with an easy air that soon discouraged the youths, whose conversation became intimate and interested.

The car stopped longer than usual to permit the mounting of a woman whose step was slow and stiff. She wasn't so old, but each year was a burden that had bent her back and furrowed her face with deep marks. Her clothing was brushed but threadbare and her thin gray hair was drawn severely back under her old-fashioned black bonnet. She was distinctly a pathetic figure; there were many suggestions of a "story" about her. She stood tottering in the aisle as the car lurched forward and grasped vainly for a strap. She stood right in front of them, but the four good-looking, well-dressed, debonaire young gentlemen did not see her. They were busy laughing at some good joke.

But the girl opposite looked at them hard for a minute and then rising took the older woman by the arm and helped her into her seat. "Oh, I do not like to take your seat," protested the little woman. "Please," answered the girl, "you can't stand in this lurching car, and I'm quite a man when it comes to that."

Every one in the car overheard it, and ten men were on their feet in a second. So were the four young chaps with doffed hats and sheepish looks.

But the girl saw not one of the seats. She was busily engaged in conversation hanging by a strap over the woman who had her seat, and telling her how expert she had gotten at standing since she came to live in Detroit three years ago, and how good she had found it for the figure, giving those long velvety lines so necessary to style and how hard it was on men especially young ones, to stand and how glad she was to be able to help some of them out once in a while by letting them sit while she stood for her beauty's sake as well as for charity.

She spoke loud enough to reach, the ears of every one around her, and when the next woman boarded the car she wondered if Halley's comet had struck before time and blushed furiously when every man in the car rose to give her his seat—From the Detroit Free Press.

Attractive Summer Tours.

The Illinois Central Railroad Company offers very attractive Summer Tours, at reasonable rates to the following points:

Boston, Mass., with ocean trip one way between Boston and Norfolk; also same four to Boston, via Montreal. Canada, the Great Lakes and St. Lawrence Resorts. California. Chicago, Colorado, Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo including route one way via Chicago. Jersey Coast Resorts. Lake Michigan Resorts, including Bay View, Charlevoix, Harbor Springs, Mackinac Island, and Petoskey. Minnesota Lake Resorts. Mexico. New York City. New York City with ocean trip one way between New Orleans and New York. New York City via Montreal; via Montreal and Boston, with ocean trip one way between New Orleans and New York. New York City with ocean trip one way between Norfolk and New York. Niagara Falls. North Pacific Coast. Yellowstone Park, and various other points of interest. For further information call on ticket agents, or write F. W. HARLOW, Div. Pass. Agent, I. C. R. R. Co., Louisville, Ky.

Color in Horses.

Bay color in horses is dominant over chestnut, according to statistics collected by Hurst. He found that, out of 1,104 thoroughbred foals from chestnut sires and dams, 1,055 were chestnut in color. Evidently begets chestnut with great uniformity. But he found that stallions with no chestnut color traceable in their immediate ancestry got very few chestnut colts from chestnut mares, and many of these bay stallions got only bay colts from chestnut mares. This indicates that the bay color is dominant over the chestnut or suppresses it. It was further found that bay stallions having both bay and chestnut in their and chestnut foals in about equal numbers from chestnut mares. The 702 immediate parentage got both bay foals from 12 such stallions were found to include 335 bays and 347 chestnuts, or practically 50 per cent of each. This is in accordance with Mendel's law of the transmission of dominant and recessive characters, and indicates that probably the bay and chestnut colors in horses are on the average transmitted in about these proportions with respect to each other.—Breeder's Gazette.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

A \$20,000 Lump of Ambergris

A piece of ambergris weighing more than six pounds was found by Pilot John Muley, of Pensacola, while he was walking along the gulf beach at Jacksonville, Fla., last week. It will net him about 20,000, for the substance is valued at about \$20 an ounce and is used in the manufacture of only the highest grades of perfume. It comes from the sperm whale and is rarely found outside the Indian Ocean. This is the second large piece to be found on the gulf beach by pilots in the last six weeks. Captain L. Anderson found a piece weighing about four pounds some weeks ago, for which he received about \$1,700.

It is believed that the ambergris has been brought by tides and storms from the Indian ocean and finally cast upon the Florida beach, as none is known to have been found there before this.

Ends Winter's Troubles.

To many, winter is a season of trouble. The frost bitten toes and fingers, chapped hands and lips, chilblains, cold sores, red and rough skins prove this. But such troubles fly before Bucklen's Arnica Salve. A trial convinces. Greatest healer of Burns, Boils, Piles, Cuts, Sores, Eczema and Sprains. Only 25c at all druggists.

PARIS GREEN KILLS THREE.

Earlington, Ky., Shocked by Tragedies Due Eating New Crop of Potatoes.

Earlington, Ky., June 13.—Paris green which had been sprinkled on the vines to kill the bugs is said to have been responsible for the death of three Earlington women, which occurred suddenly here yesterday. The women were seized with a deadly illness shortly after eating the potatoes, and despite the prompt attention given them, death resulted.

Potato bugs have been infesting the potato vines for the past two weeks, and threatened destruction to the crop. Many people have resorted to the old method of killing the bugs by sprinkling the vines with Paris green. Although it had been more than a day since the vines had been sprinkled, it is the opinion of the coroner that the death of the three women was the result of Paris green poisoning.

It was announced yesterday evening that the potatoes would be analyzed in order to determine whether the potatoes were cooked with the Paris green. The potatoes were cooked with the peels on them, and it is believed that it would be an easy matter for the poison to fall from the vines and become absorbed by the vegetable.

Wants to Help Some One.

For thirty years J. F. Boyer, of Fertile, Mo., needed help and couldn't find it. That's why he wants to help some one now. Suffering so long himself he feels for all distress from Backache, Nervousness, Loss of Appetite, Lassitude and Kidney disorders. He shows that Electric Bitters work wonders for such troubles. "Five bottles," he writes, "wholly cured me and now I am well and hearty." It's also positively guaranteed for Liver Troubles, Dyspepsia, Blood Disorders, Female Complaints and Malaria. Try them. 50c at all druggists.

Mark Twain as an Editor.

The late Mark Twain spent two years of his life in Buffalo, including the "honeymoon" period, for it was while he was editor of the Buffalo Express (1869-1870) that he married Miss Olivia Langdon, of Elmira, N. Y.

On assuming the editorship of the Express on August 21, 1869, the man who was afterwards to become one of the world's greatest humorists, said editorially:

"I only wish to assure parties having a friendly interest in the prosperity of this journal that I am not going to hurt the paper deliberately and intentionally, at any time. I am not going to introduce any startling reform or in any way attempt to make trouble. I am simply going to do my plain, unpretending duty—when I cannot get out of it. I shall work diligently and honestly and faithfully at all times and upon all occasions, when privation and want shall compel me to do so. In writing I shall always confine myself strictly to the truth, except when it is attended with inconvenience. I shall witheringly rebuke all forms of crime and misconduct except when committed by the party inhabiting my own vest. I shall not make any use of slang or vulgarity upon any occasion or in any circumstances, and shall never use profanity except in discussing house rent and taxes. Indeed, upon second thought, I will not even then, for it is inelegant, un-Christian and degrading. I shall not often meddle with politics, because we have a political editor who is already excellent and only needs a term in the penitentiary to be perfect. I shall not write any poetry, unless I conceive a spite against the subscribers."

One day Mark took an invitation to furnish a mental photograph as a text for half a column.

"I have but little character," he wrote, but what I have I am willing to part with for the public good. I would have been a better man if I had had a chance, but things have always been against me. I never had any parents, hardly—only just a father and mother—and so I have had to struggle along the best way I could." Then he went on to answer the questions put to him. Some of these questions were:

What is your favorite object in Nature? A dumb belle.

Where would you like to live? In the moon, because there is no water there.

If not yourself, who would you rather be? The Wandering Jew with a nice annuity.

What is your idea of happiness? Finding the buttons on.

What do you most dread? Exposure.

What is your aim in life? To endeavor to be absent when the time comes.

What are the sweetest words in the world? Not guilty.

What is your motto? Be virtuous and you will be eccentric.

Sugar for Tired Horses.

From France comes the news that good results have been obtained from the use of sugar to overcome the great fatigue in horses when overworked. The horses in the service of the National Military College in transacting the business of the establishment are exposed during the rainy season to great strain and consequent exhaustion, as a result of slippery roads, and the increased amount of transportation due to certain conditions then prevailing.

For this reason many horses in past years have succumbed to the excessive strain, very many become sick, pathogenic microbes found in the prevailing conditions favorable needs for their development, and fatigue caused great loss of appetite, loss of flesh, pulmonary lesions, cardiac disturbances, etc.

The good results obtained by a military surgeon from the use of sugar in large doses in forced marches led him to employ it for the purpose of overcoming fatigue. Two hundred grains of sugar fed daily, mixed with the horse's food, and distributed regularly throughout the day. Not only did the fatigue disappear, but many animals until then useless, because of their miserable condition, recovered their normal strength and rendered good service.

Election Notice.

In order to provide funds for purchasing suitable grounds, erecting and repairing suitable buildings, and for other expenses needful for conducting a good Graded Common School in McHenry Graded Common School District, of Ohio county, Kentucky, it is ordered by the trustees of said Graded Common School District that an election be held at Williams Mines Schoolhouse, on Saturday, June 11, 1910, between the hours of 6 a. m. and 6 p. m., submitting the question "whether or not the trustees of the McHenry Graded Common School District shall issue bonds to the amount of \$6,000, for the purpose of providing suitable grounds, school buildings and apparatus, for said Graded Common School District?" Bonds may be any denomination in even hundreds not exceeding \$1,000 each, running not exceeding 30 years and bearing interest at a rate not exceeding 6 per cent per annum, payable annually or semi-annually as expressed in the bonds, payable to the bearer, with interest coupons attached, they shall be signed by the president of the said board of trustees and attested by the secretary thereof, shall pass by delivery and be redeemable at the option of said board. Said bonds shall be sold by the board or their authorized agent, for the highest price obtainable but not for less than their face par value and the accrued interest and the proceeds paid over to the treasurer.

By order of the board of trustees this 11th day of June, 1910.

For Sale.

Storehouse and lot located in a thriving village in the southern part of Ohio county, building, 20x54 feet with side shed 10x54 feet, suitable for general store. The grounds can be large enough to suit occupant. Terms easy. Apply to Barnett & Smith Real Estate Agents.

Why Not Read The Courier - Journal

HENRY WATERSON, Editor.

WE CAN FURNISH YOU

THE HARTFORD REPUBLICAN

AND THE

Weekly
Courier - Journal
Both One \$1.50
Year For

We can also give liberal combination rate with Daily or Sunday Courier-Journal. Write Courier-Journal Company, Louisville, Ky., for free sample copy of edition you desire, but be sure to send your subscription order to this paper—NOT to the Courier-Journal.

Directory

Ohio County

Circuit Court—T. F. Birkhead, Judge; Ben D. Ringo, Attorney; W. P. Midkiff, Jailer; E. G. Barrass, Clerk; F. L. Felix, Master Commissioner; R. T. Collins, Trustee Jury Fund; T. H. Black, Sheriff, Hartford. Deputies—S. O. Keown and Lon Black. Court convenes first Monday in March and August and continues three weeks, and Third Mondays in May and November, two weeks.

County Court—R. R. Wedding, Judge; W. S. Tinsley, Clerk, C. E. Smith, Attorney, Hartford. Court convenes first Monday in each month.

Quarterly Quarterly Court—Begins on the third Monday in January, April, July and October.

Court of Claims—Convenes first Tuesday in January and first Tuesday in October.

Other County Officers—C. S. Mosley, Surveyor, Fordsville, Ky.; R. F. D. No. 2; Bernard Felix, Assessor, Hartford, Ky.; R. F. D. No. 2; Henry Leach, Superintendent, Hartford; Dr. A. B. Riley, Coroner, Hartford.

JUSTICES' COURTS.

B. S. Chamberlain, Hartford, Tuesday after 3rd Monday in March, Saturday after 3rd Monday in June, Tuesday after 3rd Monday in September, Tuesday after 3rd Monday in December.

O. E. Scott, Cronwell, Wednesday after 3rd Monday in March, Wednesday after 3rd Monday in June, Wednesday after 3rd Monday in September, Wednesday after 3rd Monday in December.

John H. Miles, Rockport, Friday after 3rd Monday in March, Friday after 3rd Monday in June, Friday after 3rd Monday in September, Friday after 3rd Monday in December.

J. C. Jackson, Centertown, Saturday after 3rd Monday in March, Saturday after 3rd Monday in June, Saturday after 3rd Monday in September, Saturday after 3rd Monday in December.

M. C. Cook, Ranfrow, Tuesday after 2nd Monday in February, Tuesday after 2nd Monday in May, Tuesday after 2nd Monday in August, Tuesday after 2nd Monday in November.

Thomas Sanders, Dundee, Wednesday after the second Monday in February, Wednesday after 2nd Monday in May, Wednesday after 2nd Monday in August, Wednesday after 2nd Monday in November.

C. V. Miles, Fordsville, Thursday after 2nd Monday in February, Thursday after 2nd Monday in May, Thursday after 2nd Monday in August, Thursday after 2nd Monday in November.

J. L. Fattor, Ralph, Friday after 2nd Monday in February, Friday after 2nd Monday in May, Friday after 2nd Monday in August, Friday after 2nd Monday in November.

HARTFORD POLICE COURT.

C. M. Crowe, Judge; G. B. Likens, City Attorney; Sam Riley, Marshal; Court convenes second Monday in each month. City Council—J. H. Williams, Mayor; R. T. Collins, Clerk; S. K. Cox, Treasurer. Members of Council: T. R. Barnard, W. J. Bean, W. M. Fair, Pen Taylor, W. E. Ellis, E. P. Moore.

School Trustees—J. S. Glenn, chairman; W. S. Tinsley, Secretary, C. M. Barnett, C. M. Crowe and Dr. E. B. Pendleton.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

M. E. Church—Services morning and evening every first and third Sunday in each month. Sunday School 9:45 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening. Rev. Virgil Elgin, Pastor.

Baptist Church—Services every Sunday morning and evening. Sunday School 9:45 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening. Rev. J. W. Bruner, pastor.

Christian Church—Services every fourth Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School 2:30 p. m. Elder Henry Clay Ford, pastor.

C. P. Church—Services first Sunday in each month at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School 9:45. Rev. T. C. Wilson, pastor.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

Hartford Lodge No. 675, F. & A. M., meets first and third Monday night in each month. W. E. Ellis, W. M.; C. M. Crowe, Secretary.

Keystone Chapter No. 110, R. A. M., meets every third Saturday night in each month. R. H. Holbrook, High Priest; W. S. Tinsley, Secretary.

Hartford Chapter No. 84, O. E. S., meets second and fourth Monday evening. Mrs. F. R. Barnard, W. M.; Miss Willie Smith, Secretary.

Rough River Lodge No. 110, Knights of Pythias, meets every Tuesday night. W. S. Tinsley, C. C.; J. G. Keown, K. of R. & S.

Hartford Tent No. 99, K. O. T. M., meets every first and third Thursday night. R. T. Collins, Commander; L. F. Foreman, Record Keeper.

Sunshine Hive No. 42, L. O. T. M., meets second and fourth Thursday night in each month. Mrs. A. V. Griffin, Lady Commander; Mrs. Lula Pendleton, Lady Record Keeper.

Carpenters and Joiners local No. 1881, meets 1st Saturday night in each month. Noah Skaggs, Pres.; W. D. Luce, Sec. Treas.

Acme Lodge No. 333, I. O. O. F., meets second and fourth Friday night in each month. A. B. Riley, Noble Grand; B. D. Schroeder, Secretary.

Ohio Tribe No. 188, Imp. Order Red Men, meets second and fourth Wednesday night in each month. Walter Campbell, Sachem; A. E. Pate, Chief of Records.

Creighton Morton Post No. 4, G. A. R., holds regular meetings Saturday before the first Monday in each month. Ashford Mills, Commander; J. M. Rogers, Adj.

A. S. of E.

National Officers: C. O. Drayton, Pres., Greenville, Ill.; M. F. Sharp, V. Pres., Bowling Green, Ky.

S. D. Kump, Sec. and Treas., Indianapolis, Ind.

State Officers: J. C. Cantrill, Pres., Georgetown, Ky.; C. M. Barnett, Vice President, Hartford, Ky.

S. B. Stevenson, Secretary, Calhoun, Ky.

Ohio County Officers: Beaver Dam, Ky. S. B. Stevens, Pres.; Beaver Dam, Ky. C. E. Smith, Sec.; Hartford, Ky. D. Ford, Treas.; Hartford, Ky.

COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION. Henry Leach, Chairman, Hartford, Ky. L. B. Tichenor, Hartford, R. F. D. No. 5.

J. A. Bellamy, Whitesville, Ky. F. D. Baughn, Hartford, Ky. T. W. McQuady, Hazleton, Ky. R. H. Plumer, Taylor Mines, Ky. J. L. Brown, Rockport, Ky.

BULBS
BUCKEN'S BULBS SUCCEED!
SPECIAL OFFER!
Made to build New Business!
A trial will make you a permanent customer. Satisfaction guaranteed or your money refunded.

Souvenir Collection 50 Choice Bulbs in special gift package, together with my illustrated, instructive booklet, "How to Grow and Plant Bulbs." Only 10c. All about the best varieties of Bulbs, and Plants.

GUARANTEED TO PLEASE
Write to-day
SEND 25 CENTS
to secure postage and packing and receive this valuable collection of Bulbs, together with my illustrated, instructive booklet, "How to Grow and Plant Bulbs." Only 10c. All about the best varieties of Bulbs, and Plants.

H. W. Bucken 1808 BUCKEN ST. O. ROCKFORD, ILL.

PROFESSIONAL.

C. M. BARNETT C. E. SMITH

BARNETT & SMITH, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, HARTFORD, - KY.

Will practice their profession in all the courts of Ohio and adjoining counties and Court of Appeals. Special attention given to all business connected to their care. Collections a. the Practice of Criminal and Real Estate Law. Specialties. Office in Republican building.

FRANK L. FELIX, Attorney at Law, HARTFORD, - KY.

Will practice his profession in Ohio and adjoining counties and in the Court of Appeals. Criminal practice and Collections a Specialty. Office in the Herald building.

YANCY L. MOSLEY, Attorney at Law, HARTFORD, - KY.

Will practice his profession in all the Courts of Ohio and adjoining counties, and in the Court of Appeals. Also Notary Public. Office over First National Bank.

JOHN B. WILSON CHAS. M. CROWE

WILSON & CROWE LAWYERS HARTFORD, - KY.

Will practice their profession in all the courts of Ohio and adjoining counties, and in the Court of Appeals. Special attention given to criminal practice and to collections. Office on Main St., opposite Court House.

PATENTS

and TRADE-MARKS promptly obtained in all countries, or no fee. We obtain PATENTS THAT PAY, advertise them thoroughly, at our expense, and help you to success.

Send model, photo or sketch for FREE report on patentability. 20 years' practice. SURPASSING REFERENCES. For free Guide Book on Profitable Patents write to: 503-505 Seventh Street, WASHINGTON, D. C.

D. SWIFT & CO.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH Dr. King's New Discovery

FOR COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG TROUBLES. PRICE 50c & \$1.00. Trial Bottle Free. GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUNDED.

PATENTS

PROSECUTED AND DEFENDED. Send model, drawing or photo for expert search and free report. Free advice, how to obtain patents, trade marks, copyrights, etc., in ALL COUNTRIES. Business direct with Washington saves time, money and often the patent.

Patent and Infringement Practice Exclusively. Write or come to us at: 523 Ninth Street, opp. United States Patent Office, WASHINGTON, D. C.

CASNOW & CO.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS &c. Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in this

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers. MUNN & CO 361 Broadway, New York Branch Office, 65 F St., Washington, D. C.

SEEDS

Fresh, Reliable, Pure Guaranteed to Please. Every Gardener and Planter should test the superior merits of our Northern Grown Seeds.

SPECIAL OFFER FOR 10 CENTS we will send postpaid our FAMOUS COLLECTION

1. 50 Day Tomato 20c
2. 10c Princess Radish 10c
3. 10c Early Green Cabbage 10c
4. 10c Early Green Cabbage 10c
5. 10c Early Green Cabbage 10c
6. 10c Early Green Cabbage 10c

Write today! Send 10 cents to help pay postage and receive the above "Famous Collection." In addition with our free and instructive Guide Book. GREAT NORTHERN SEED CO. 1285 Race St. Rockford, Illinois

GUARDED BY ICY WIND

A Frigid Convict Station In the Northeast of Siberia.

THE COLDEST SPOT ON EARTH

No Precautions Are Necessary Against Escape at Verhoyansk—When the Wind Blows, Half an Hour in the Fierce, Biting Cold Means Death.

The coldest place in the world one would naturally expect to be either the north or the south pole, but it is not. It is a village in the northeast of Siberia named Verhoyansk.

There the average temperature of the three worst winter months is 33 degrees F. below zero, which means 85 degrees of frost. During January the average temperature is 56 degrees below zero, or 88 degrees of frost. On one occasion the thermometer registered the remarkable figure of 120 degrees of frost! The average January figure for London, on the other hand, is 7 degrees above freezing point.

But in Verhoyansk most months are winter months. July, curiously enough, is as hot there as in London, but the shadow of the terrible winter hangs over even the warmest months.

Even in midsummer the forests which surround the desolate plain in the center of which Verhoyansk stands are withered and gray. The grass is colorless. The few flowers are odorless. The bare soil of the plain itself refuses to produce vegetables of any kind. The ground is frozen hard to an incredible depth.

No farming, of course, is possible. There are no cattle or poultry. All food is imported. Why, then, does this little village exist? It is a convict station, and its population of 400 is made up of officials and exiles.

No precautions against escapes are needed. Prisoners are known to have gone mad with the loneliness of the place. But no one has ever been mad enough to try to escape. Verhoyansk, strange though it sounds, is guarded by the wind. A gale when the thermometer stands at 30 or more below zero will destroy every living thing that is not under shelter.

One of the many curious facts about cold is that intense cold is in itself easy to bear provided the air is still. One traveler has declared that he has often felt colder in Piccadilly on a damp day in November than during his entire stay in Verhoyansk, where the thermometer sometimes showed 90 degrees of frost.

The reason is that at Verhoyansk the air is intensely dry, and dry cold does not penetrate far. With a tent at night and warm furs in the daytime one can be quite comfortable, however low the temperature.

But let a wind once rise and things are different. As Verhoyansk is the coldest place in the world, the few winds that come must bring warmth. But then all winds carry moisture. And so we have the curious fact that, though one may be quite comfortable with the thermometer showing 60 degrees of frost, if a wind springs up and adds 20 or 30 degrees of warmth to the air one has to fly for dear life to shelter.

Half an hour in that fierce, biting cold means death. But the intense dry cold that is Verhoyansk's normal weather is, if not so dangerous, quite as powerful in its effects. In that icy stillness an iron ax head dropped on the ground smashes like glass. A board of unsensitized wood, on the other hand, freezes hard as iron.

De Windt in his travels in this region carried his milk in solid cubes in a net attached to his sleigh. His thermometers all burst for at the Verhoyansk temperatures quicksilver freezes and can be hammered like copper. It has indeed been turned into bullets and shot through a dead board. All he could find of a case of claret were a few lumps of red ice and some splintered glass. But what troubled him most was the discovery that it was impossible to smoke. At 40 degrees below zero frozen nicotine blocks the stem of the pipe, while cigarettes or cigars freeze to the lips.

It must be embarrassing to find, as one does when the thermometer reaches 80 below, that one's very breath falls at one's feet in a fine white powder. A mustache becomes a torture—a heavy, solid lump of ice. To lay a bare hand on metal means that the skin will stay where it touches. A careless traveler once unwittingly left a shirt outside his hut to dry. When he picked it up again it bent and almost broke. When swung through the air it made a noise like theatrical thunder.

At these temperatures many usually trusty articles, such as combs and razors and knife handles, shrivel or break or break.

Verhoyansk is a huddle of mud plastered huts along one straggling street. The windows are of ice, so that candles are needed both summer and winter. Twenty miles away, across a dismal plain of snow, lies a low, black line of pine forests. On the other side is the frozen river, from which dense, unhealthy mists roll up for weeks together in the autumn. There are not flowers in spring, and summer is dingy. Perhaps they are right at Verhoyansk in looking forward to the long months of winter. But it is not a cheerful place.—Pearson's Weekly.

The order of society is founded on human misery and imbecility, and these are foundations which will never crumble.—Anatole France.

TALE OF TWO SCHOOLBOYS.

The freckled faced McGee boy could play the game of ball; No other in the school yard could cope with him at all. But the spindle shanked De Vere kid was hopeless at the bat, And no one ever chose him when we played two old cat.

The freckled faced McGee boy grew up to be a star. He was a worldwide wonder; his fame it traveled far. The sporting writers called him the goods that comes in chunks. And the salary he drew down was just nine thousand plunks.

But the spindle shanked De Vere kid just counted gate receipts And chaperoned the turnstile and sold the breacher seats. He owned the champ team's franchise, And when the star McGee Took down his princely stipend De Vere he had to see.

The freckled faced McGee boy soon threw his last inshoot. And 'mong the minor league teams he took a downward scoot. And the spindle shanked De Vere boy still sits upon the throne. And the me-at to this spring yarn each boy can, dope alone. —Arthur Chapman in Denver Republican.

Lucky For Eve.



Young Husband—How do you like your new dressmaker?

Particular Wife—She's a botch. If she had been in the garden of Eden she wouldn't have known how to fit Eve's first costume.

Why She Returned.

Mrs. Johnson had gone away from home, leaving Mr. Johnson disconsolate. On arriving at her destination she missed her gold lace pin and wrote her servant, asking the girl to let her know if she found anything on the dining room floor.

The servant wrote as follows: "When sweeping the dining room floor this morning I found thirty matches four corks and a pack of cards."—Success Magazine.

The Other Extreme.

St. Peter looked at the newcomer. "What was your business on earth?" he asked.

"I ran a cold storage plant," the applicant answered.

The saint touched the push button to the marble wall.

"I guess you've earned a complete change of occupation," he said. "Take the elevator going down."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Worry In All Marriages.

"John," she said, "don't you think this talk about trial marriage is just horrid?"

"Oh, I dunno."

"Why, you don't believe in them yourself, do you?"

"Have to. If there's any marriage that isn't a trial you just show me."—Brooklyn Eagle.

The Truth at Last.

Hub (with irritation)—Why is it that you women insist upon having the last word?

Wife (calmly)—We don't. The only reason we get it is because we always have a dozen arguments left when you stupid men are all run out.—Boston Transcript.

He Got It.

Mr. Prosperous—A great, big, able-bodied man like you ought to be ashamed to ask a stranger for money. Meandering Mike—I know I ought; but, mister, I'm too kind-hearted to tap you on the head and take it away from you.—Spokane Spokesman-Review.

No Possible Doubt.

"You can't make me believe," said Mrs. Lapsing, "that the man the police caught prowling around our house wasn't a burglar. He denied it, but they found a 44 calamus revolver on him."—Chicago Tribune.

Invention Useless.

Caller—Sir, I have invented a car from which women positively cannot get off the wrong way.

Street Car Magnate—No use, my dear sir; women wouldn't ride on such a car.—Buffalo Express.

The Similarity.

"Do you know, Imogen, your hair reminds me of Syracuse?"

"Pray why?"

"Because it's so near Auburn."—Cornell Widow.

Airship Dialogue.

"She's sinking fast. One of us has got to go, and I can't swim."

"Sorry, old man, but I promised my wife never to take another drop."—Life.

Spring Poem.

Same old zephyrs, same old rills, Same old tiresome daffodils. Same old lambskins, same old bees, Same old budding willow trees.

Same old robins, same old dew, Spring has nothing that is new.

Same old greenward, nature's couch; Same old rhymer with a grouch. —Kansas City Journal.

EYEWITNESSES.

A Test In a Psychology Class Shows Them to Be Unreliable.

Some time ago Professor McKeever of the Kansas State Agricultural college performed an interesting experiment before a psychology class in which he staged a "holdup" in his classroom and afterward took testimony on the subject. The object was to test the reliability of eyewitnesses.

Professor McKeever selected three young men to stage the holdup and had them practice their parts in his office. He also made note of their personal appearance. They were instructed exactly what to do and what to say. All of these things were placed in a notebook in order that the testimony might be compared with the facts.

The class of psychology had just assembled when in rushed Jones, who whirled about and pointed a wrench at his pursuers and exclaimed:

"Stay back or I'll shoot!" Turning, he ran across the room and dropped to his knees, letting fall a small bag which he carried, saying, "There, take it!" and ran out of the room.

He was closely followed by Smith and White. Smith yelled, "Give it up, you scoundrel!" and grabbed the bag and ran out behind the other. White came in carrying a small revolver with the cylinder removed, yelling:

"Take it from him, Eddie! He won't hurt you!" The play lasted only a few seconds, and Professor McKeever appeared very much agitated, but when the affair was over he told the students the object of the test and asked each member of the class to write an account of what happened.

The testimony regarding the conduct of Jones varied greatly. Following are some of the accounts:

Pointed his finger at Smith and said, "Get out of here, Ed."

The whole class was paralyzed with fear.

He pointed a revolver.

Pointed an imaginary pistol.

Pointed a heavy object at the others as he went out.

Held a revolver in his hand. (Witness recognized Jones.)

Had something like a revolver.

Jones wore a mask.

The testimony regarding Smith's conduct would have been particularly damaging in a criminal case. Although he was not armed in any manner or carried anything in his hands, yet two testified that he carried a revolver in his hands and snapped it several times, while a third credited him with saying, "Stop, or I'll shoot!" at the same time aiming at Jones.

White was scarcely noticed. One witness testified that he carried a club of some kind, but no one mentioned the fact that he carried a revolver with the cylinder removed. White, who was armed, was not noticed, and Smith, who had nothing at all in his hands, was accused by three eyewitnesses of carrying a revolver.

Likewise testimony as to the appearance of the individuals did not agree. Some said that Jones wore a raincoat, and others said it was White. And so on in regard to the different articles of clothing. This test was unusually thorough. The witnesses were not expecting such an occurrence, and there were no prejudices to influence the testimony. It was just a plain case of attempting to tell what they saw while excited, and they couldn't do it.—Manhattan (Kan.) Cor. Kansas City Star.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Mendenhall

Is Our Personal Decoration Savagery?

Women still are savages, declares a sociologist of an Eastern institution of learning, and adduces as evidence that women still are addicted to personal decoration, such as stuffed birds and lively colors, which make of them walking mausoleums and rainbows in flesh and blood.

Because fashions are in part arbitrary and often barbaric no more proves that women remain savages than the same qualities in men's attire prove that men are savages. If women must cut their hair short and eschew ornament in order to lift themselves out of the category of savage, let them continue to invite this misogynist's condemnation.

If the scientific creature supposes that men have abandoned personal decoration because they no longer tattoo their skins, or stick feathers in their locks, he is mistaken. How about the high hat, the "plug," as irreverently it has been termed? Although the silk hat is the ugliest expression of the decorative passion that ever was devised, it must be regarded as decorative, in as much as no stretch of ingenuity can construe it to be useful.

In fact, the human male is as much subjected to the passion for ornament as the female. He doesn't exploit it as artistically as she does, that is all. But profound students of human psychology have affirmed that the vanity of the sterner sex is quite as virulent as that of the fairer sex, and even more so. If indulgence in the innocent and uplifting passion for

decoration be proof of savagery, then men are as savage as women. We are all savages. Except perhaps the Puritans of the sixteenth century, from whom this Massachusetts sociologist is probably descended—except the Puritans, who were so above savagery that they had no taste for art, for the drama, and believed in witchcraft.

Truth is, the passion for decoration is a noble one. It accounts for much refinement, for personal virtues and for manners even. The passion may be savage or half-savage or highly civilized. But possession of the passion is not evidence of savagery. The quality of its manifestation is. And ludicrous or unattractive as some feminine ornamentation is, we will match against the worst womanly decoration the male silk hat, and vindicate the former!—Minneapolis Journal.

Banks on Sure Thing Now.

"I'll never be without Dr. King's New Life Pills again," writes A. Schlingbeck, 647 Elm St., Buffalo, N. Y. "They cured me of chronic constipation when all others failed." Unequalled for Biliousness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Headache, Chills, Malaria and Debility. 25c at all druggists.

Children Born Good.

There are no bad children, say Father P. J. Dunn of St. Louis and Mrs. Frederic Schoff of Philadelphia; there are only bad guardians or parents and evil surroundings.

Without inquiring too curiously into the source of evil fathers or mothers, it may be admitted that the timely rescue of morally mistreated or menaced children will help to prevent the rise of bad parents.

Mrs. Schoff thus diagnoses the case: Parents if children be bad, are the real criminals. If parents can not be taught to train children properly, and if children therefore go wrong the parents ought to be punished.

Her remedy for the disease is the association of parents and teachers.

The Spokesman-Review has already urged the imperative importance of the parent co-operating with the teacher in the schools. It is interesting to learn that Mrs. Schoff's idea is working out well in the practical application of it. Her association works through the public schools which it finds, and through an educational bureau that supplies information concerning the welfare of children.

Mrs. Schoff aims to reach every mother and to emphasize the need for so training her child that it will revere law and the law therefore will not fear for the child. She urges mothers who do not need this help to help mothers who need it. Take personal interest, she advises, in neglecting or dependent children; oppose child labor and establish more juvenile courts.—From the Spokane (Wash.) Review.

Private Boarding.

Rooms and board first class for one dollar per day, for transients, Home phone 7226 MRS. LEE DOWELL, 840 3rd Ave., Louisville, Ky.

Quick's Cold and LaGrippe Medicine

Guaranteed to cure Colds and LaGrippe in 24 hours, Headache and Neuralgia in 30 minutes. At druggist or by mail.

J. C. Mendenhall Medicine Co., Evansville, Ind.

Earth's Inward Fire.

The latest measurements of the temperature of the earth's interior have been communicated to the German Geological Society. They were taken in a borehole near Czuchow in Upper Silesia, and is the deepest hole in the world.

It was sunk under the direct control of the Prussian state authorities, and at first was intended to reach to a depth of 2500 meters, or somewhat over one and a half miles. The difficulties increased as greater depths were attained, and at 7456 feet below the surface work had to be stopped, still about 900 feet short of the goal.

The hole is about a foot and a half in circumference and it has been found that the temperature increases with fair regularity one degree Fahrenheit for every 54 feet. Incursions of water frequently interfered with the accuracy of the measurements, but at 7,400 feet the greatest depth ever reached, the temperature has been found to amount to 182 degrees Fahrenheit.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Building Contracting.

If you are going to build a new house or repair the old one, I would like to make you prices on the cost of the labor and can furnish the material, if desired. Will work in the country also. Good references.

D. W. WAKELAND, Builder & Contractor, Hartford, Ky.



The Tenderfoot Farmer

It was one of these experimental farmers, who put green spectacles on his cow and fed her shavings. His theory was that it didn't matter what the cow ate so long as she was fed. The questions of digestion and nourishment had not entered into his calculations.

It's only a "tenderfoot" farmer that would try such an experiment with a cow. But many a farmer feeds himself regardless of digestion and nutrition. He might almost as well eat shavings for all the good he gets out of his food. The result is that the stomach grows "weak" the action of the organs of digestion and nutrition are impaired and the man suffers the miseries of dyspepsia and the agonies of nervousness.

To strengthen the stomach, restore the activity of the organs of digestion and nutrition and brace up the nerves, use Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is an unfailing remedy, and has the confidence of physicians as well as the praise of thousands healed by its use.

In the strictest sense "Golden Medical Discovery" is a temperance medicine. It contains neither intoxicants nor narcotics, and is as free from alcohol as from opium, cocaine and other dangerous drugs. All ingredients printed on its outside wrapper.

Don't let a dealer delude you for his own profit. There is no medicine for stomach, liver and blood "just as good" as "Golden Medical Discovery."

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00 & \$5.00 SHOES

Best in the World

UNION MADE

Boys' Shoes \$2.00 and \$2.50

Fast Color Eyelets Used

W. L. Douglas shoes are the lowest price, quality considered, in the world. Their excellent style, easy fitting and long wearing qualities excel those of other makes. If you have been paying high prices for your shoes, the next time you need a pair give W. L. Douglas shoes a trial. You can save money on your footwear and get shoes that are just as good in every way as those that have been costing you higher prices.

If you could visit our large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better and wear longer than other makes.

CAUTION—W. L. Douglas name and price is stamped on the bottom to protect the wearer against low priced and inferior shoes. "Take No Substitutes." If W. L. Douglas shoes are not for sale in your vicinity, write for Mail Order Catalog, W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

FOR SALE BY—CARSON & COMPANY, (INCORPORATED) Hartford, Kentucky.



McCALL PATTERNS

Celebrated for style, perfect fit, simplicity and reliability nearly 40 years. Sold in nearly every city and town in the United States and Canada, or by mail direct. More sold than any other make. Send for free catalogue.

McCALL'S MAGAZINE

More subscribers than any other fashion magazine—million a month. Invaluable. Latest styles, patterns, dressmaking, millinery, plain sewing, fancy needlework, hairdressing, etiquette, good stories, etc. Only 50 cents a year (worth double), including a free pattern. Subscribe today, or send for sample copy.

WONDERFUL INDUCEMENTS

to Agents. Postal brings premium catalogue and new cash price offers. Address

THE McCALL CO., 238 to 248 W. 37th St., NEW YORK

Electric Bitters

Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weaknesses they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified. FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE it is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.

THE KENTUCKY Light and Power Co.

(INCORPORATED)

WILL WIRE YOUR HOUSE AT COST.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS ARE CLEAN, HEALTHY AND SAFE. NO HOME OR BUSINESS HOUSE SHOULD BE WITHOUT THEM, WHEN IN REACH.

E. G. BARRASS, Manager.

OUR CLUBBING RATES.

THE REPUBLICAN and Louisville Herald.....\$1.35
THE REPUBLICAN and Courier-Journal..... 1.50
THE REPUBLICAN and St. Louis Globe-Democrat..... 1.75
THE REPUBLICAN and Home and Farm..... 1.25
THE REPUBLICAN and Twice-a-Week Owensboro Inquirer 1.75
THE REPUBLICAN and Louisville Daily Herald..... 3.25
THE REPUBLICAN and Daily Owensboro Inquirer..... 3.25
THE REPUBLICAN and Twice-a-Week O'boro Messenger 1.75
THE REPUBLICAN and Kentucky Farmer..... 1.75
THE REPUBLICAN and New Idea Woman's Magazine... 1.30
THE REPUBLICAN and Cincinnati Weekly Enquirer... 1.50

Address all orders to THE REPUBLICAN.

Good Positions

Draughon gives contracts, backed by chain of 30 Colleges, \$300,000.00 capital, and 19 years' success, to secure positions under reasonable conditions or refund tuition.

BOOKKEEPING Draughon's competitors, by not accepting his proposition, concede that he teaches more Bookkeeping in three months than they do in six. Draughon can convince you.

SHORTHAND 75 per cent of the United States Court Reporters write the system of Shorthand Draughon teaches, because they know it is THE BEST.

For FREE CATALOGUE and booklet "Why Learn Telegraphy?" which explain all, call on or write JOHN F. DRAUGHON, President.

DRAUGHON'S PRACTICAL BUSINESS COLLEGE, (INCORPORATED)

EVANSVILLE, INDIANAPOLIS, NASHVILLE, ST. LOUIS, SPRINGFIELD, MEMPHIS.

GREAT REMOVAL SALE!

The Profit Removed in Order to Give Us a Big Advertisement for Our New Store.

\$10,000 Worth of the Best Dry Goods

OFFERED AT ASTONISHING LOW PRICES.

SALE COMMENCES SATURDAY, JUNE 25

Store will be closed all day Friday, June 24, in order to mark down our many lines.

We will soon be in our new quarters on Main street, Hartford, next door to the Bank of Hartford and second door from the Post Office, which we have leased for a term of years and where we will be splendidly prepared to cater to the Dry Goods trade. In order to advertise our new store and save the trouble and possible damage of moving, we are going to offer our entire stock at prices right down to the cost mark. This is no fake, but an honest statement. The goods and the prices will show for themselves. We intend to maintain our reputation for honesty and square dealing, and we could not afford to start out in our new quarters on false pretenses. We think we have rather surprised the public with the high qualities of goods we carry in all lines and the low prices at which we sell them, and we shall keep the surprise going on. We are not making much money on sales, but we are selling lots of goods to make up for that. We want to establish our business among you, and we know we can't do it unless we sell goods.

The prices below ought to tell the tale better than mere statements. They not only show the very profit-level figure at which we will sell goods, but you get a glimpse at the wide range of the different lines we carry. If you need goods, this sale is worth dollars to you. Let us supply you and allow you to keep the profit.

Dress Goods.

\$1.50 best quality Serge, all colors, 98c
\$1.00 and \$1.25 best quality
light weight,89c
50c and 75c best quality, all colors,43c
SILKS.
\$1.25 and \$1.50 best quality,89c
50c and 75c best quality,39c
MERCERIZED POPLINS.
30c plain and figured, all colors,22c
25c in white,19c
WHITE WAIST GOODS.
25c best quality, plain and figured 17c
LINENS.
50c pure Irish, extra wide,35c
30c pure Irish, extra wide,21c
20c pure Irish, extra wide,10c
25c plain and figured,13c
PERSIAN LAWNS.
25c best quality, extra wide,17c
20c best quality, extra wide,13c
15c best quality, extra wide,8c
LAWNS.
25c best quality, all colors,12½c
12c best quality, all colors,8½c
7c best quality, all colors,4c
GINGHAMS AND MADRAS.
15c best quality, all colors,10c
12c best quality, all colors,8½c
10c Apron Gingham, all colors, 5½c
CHAMBRAS.
12c best quality, all colors,8c
SATEEN.
20c best quality, all colors,12½c
KIMONA CREPE.
12c best quality, all colors,7½c
SHIRTINGS.
12½c best quality, all colors, extra wide,9c
10c best quality, all colors, extra wide,6½c

Bleached and Unbleached Sheeting.

30c best quality, 2½ yards wide 21c
BEST BLEACH.
15c best quality,11c
12c best quality,8½c
10c best quality,6c
Hoosier Brown, 7½c, best quality 5½c

Calicoes.

Best Simpson and American print 4½c

Table Oil Cloth.

25c best quality, all colors,16c

Table Linen.

50c and 75c best quality,39c
25c best quality,19c
LINEN TOWELS.
\$1.25 best quality,89c
75c best quality,38c
TOWLING.
15c best quality,10c
10c best quality,7c
7c best quality,4c

Counterpanes.

\$2.50 best quality, extra wide,\$1.48
\$1.50 best quality, extra wide,98c

Matting.

30c best quality, all colors,21c
20c best quality, all colors,11c

Ready-Made Dress Skirts

\$7.00 best quality, Panama, all colors,\$4.19
\$4.50 best quality, black, all colors,\$2.48

White and Black Under-skirts.

\$2.50 best Heather blouse, black,\$1.48
\$1.75 best quality, black and white 98c

Gloves.

\$1.25 best quality Kid, different colors,89c
\$1.00 best quality Silk, different colors,40c
50c best quality, different colors,23c
25c best quality, different colors,20c

Belts.

50c best quality, all colors,23c
25c best quality, all colors,14c

Dress Shields.

25c good quality,13c
20c good quality,9c

Corsets.

\$1.50 and \$2.00 best American and C. & B.,89c
\$1.00 J. S.,68c
50c Directoire,39c

Ladies' Hose.

50c and 75c Silk in black,41c
55c Lace and Solid,21c
10c Solid,7c

Lace Curtains.

\$3.00 best quality,\$1.48
\$2.00 best quality,98c
75c best quality,48c
12½c best quality,8½c
10c best quality,5½c

Ladies and Children's Shoes.

\$3.50 and \$4.00 Patent 2 strap Pumps,\$2.25
\$3.00 Patent 2 strap Pumps,\$1.98
\$1.75 Children Patent and Kid sizes 13 to 2½,\$1.28
\$1.50 Children's Oxfords from 8 to 12,\$1.23
Children's Sandals, best,89c

Men's Shoes.

\$4.00 best Patent Leather,\$3.00
\$3.50 Gun Metal,\$2.75
\$3.00 Heavy Shoes,\$2.25
\$2.50 Heavy Shoes,\$1.38

Men's Hats.

\$4.00 best quality Derby,\$2.98
\$2.50 best quality Derby,\$1.39
\$2.50 best quality Straw,\$1.48
\$1.50 best quality Straw,98c

Men's Shirts.

\$1.50 best quality,89c
\$1.50 best quality Pongee,89c
75c best quality Pongee,39c
75c best quality white,39c

Neckties.

75c best quality,39c
50c best quality,19c
25c best quality,15c

Men's Half Hose.

25c best quality,19c
15c best quality,8c
Best Cotton Socks, 4 pairs,25c

Suit Cases.

\$2.00 best quality,98c
75c best quality Hand Bags,38c

Men's Full Suits.

\$25.00 best quality, Blue Serge,\$13.50
\$15.00 best quality, all colors,\$10.00
\$12.00 best quality, all colors,\$7.50
\$10.00 best quality, all colors,\$6.00

Coats and Vests.

\$8.00 best quality, all colors,\$4.50
\$7.00 best quality, all colors,\$4.00
\$5.00 best quality, all colors,\$3.50
Odd Coats all sizes and prices.

Pants.

\$5.00 best quality, all colors,\$3.75
\$3.50 best quality, Blue Serge,\$2.50
\$3.75 best quality, light weight,\$2.75
\$1.50 best quality,98c

Boys' Suits.

\$7.50 best quality, Blue Serge,\$4.98
\$6.00 best quality, all colors,\$3.50
\$2.25 best quality, all colors,\$1.50

Boys' Knee Pants.

\$1.25 best quality, all colors,90c
75c best quality, all colors,38c

Men's Overalls and Jackets.

\$1.25 best quality, Tiger Brand,90c
\$1.10 best quality,85c
50c best quality,38c

Men and Ladies' Umbrellas.

\$3.00 best quality,\$1.50
\$1.50 best quality,98c
\$1.00 best quality,38c

Even with this whole page, we were compelled to mark out many articles which we had written and which we have in stock, in order to come within this space. Come and let us show you. You will get no better treatment anywhere and we will not allow you to be dissatisfied if we can help it. In fact, that is our motto: "The store that satisfies," and we intend to make it good, right straight along. Please remember the occasion and our earnest desire to please you, for the sake of your future trade. We are right here in Hartford to stay, to share our lot with you, and we want you to depend on us. In our new quarters we will double our stock and continue to make good. Tell it to your neighbors and come to the great sale, commencing Saturday, June 25.

THIS SALE FOR CASH ONLY. NO GOODS CHARGED.

Yours for business and for more than your money's worth,

ROSENBLATT'S

"THE STORE THAT SATISFIES"

HARTFORD, KENTUCKY.